Questions on 1 Corinthians 1
by Aude McKee

QUESTIONS:
1. On which of Paul's journeys was 1 Corinthians written?
2. On which journey was the church at Corinth established?
3. What was the reason for this epistle?
4. In what two forms had the Corinthians been enriched?
5. What were the Corinthians told to do?
6. What was the nature of the contentions at Corinth?
7. Name the ones Paul mentioned that he baptized in this chapter?
8. What were the Jews and Greeks looking for?
9. What things did God choose to confound the wise?
10. What four things had God given those who are in Christ?

TRUE / FALSE:
11. _____ The testimony of Christ was confirmed in the Corinthians.
12. _____ "Blameless" in verse 8 means the Corinthians could never sin.
13. _____ Paul had nothing good to say about the Corinthians.
14. _____ Word concerning the contentions came from the house of Chloe.
15. _____ Christ had sent Paul to baptize the Corinthians.
16. _____ Christ's crucifixion was a stumbling block to the Jews.
17. _____ God chose things which are not to bring to nought the things that are.
18. _____ God used silly and foolhardy things to confuse the wise.
19. _____ Paul did not want anyone to say he baptized in his own name.
20. _____ Paul used the name of Christ 15 times in this chapter.

MATCH:
21. _____ Sanctified    A. Power of God
22. _____ Come behind    B. Called unto fellowship
23. _____ Preaching of the cross C. After the flesh
24. _____ Foolishness of God D. Wiser than men
25. _____ No flesh should glory E. In no gift
26. _____ He that glorieth F. Glory in the Lord
27. _____ God is faithful G. In the same judgment
28. _____ I will destroy H. Called to be saints
29. _____ Not many wise men I. In His presence
30. _____ Perfectly joined together J. The wisdom of the wise

FILL IN THE BLANKS:
31. The church at Corinth came ______________________ in no gift.
32. "God is __________________ by whom ye were called unto the fellowship of His son Jesus Christ."
33. "Is __________________ divided? Was Paul __________________ for you?"
34. Paul did not preach the __________________ with __________________ of words.
35. "I will __________________ the wisdom of the __________________."
36. "Christ the __________________ of God, and the __________________ of God."
37. " __________________ of God is __________________ than men."
38. "God hath chosen the __________________ things of the __________________ to the wise."
39. "God hath chosen the __________________ things of the __________________ to __________________ the things which are __________________."
40. Jesus Christ has been "made unto us __________________ and __________________, and __________________."
Questions on 1 Corinthians 2
by Aude McKee

QUESTIONS:
1. What verse in chapter 1 gives the reason why Paul did not come to them with excellency of speech or wisdom of words?
2. What was it that Paul preached to them?
3. In what three ways had Paul come to the Corinthians?
4. How did Paul say their faith should stand?
5. What is the “mystery” of verse 7?
6. Where is the prophesy of verse 9 found in the old testament?
7. Who does the word “us” in verse 10 refer to?
8. What two spirits are referred to in this lesson?
9. What is the theme of chapter 2?
10. Why can't the “natural” man discern spiritual things?

MATCH:
11. _____ Declaring unto you A. Demonstration of Spirit and power
12. _____ Not of enticing words B. Nor ear heard
13. _____ Princes of the world C. The testimony of God
14. _____ God ordained D. The Lord of glory
15. _____ Not have crucified E. Before the world
16. _____ Eye hath not seen F. Judgeth all things
17. _____ Not the spirit of the world G. Not in words of man
18. _____ Things we speak H. The mind of the Lord
19. _____ He that is spiritual I. The spirit which is of God
20. _____ Who hath known J. Come to naught

TRUE / FALSE:
21. _____ Paul let the Corinthians know from the beginning he had a good education.
22. _____ Paul said he spoke the kind of wisdom the world could understand.
23. _____ The princes of the world understood fully the mystery of God.
24. _____ It has not entered into the heart of man the things God has prepared.
25. _____ The Spirit searches the deep things of God.
26. _____ The Spirit gave the knowledge of the world to the apostles.
27. _____ Paul spoke in words that the Holy Spirit taught.
28. _____ Man must be inspired of God to understand the Bible.
29. _____ He that is spiritual judgeth all things.
30. _____ Christ revealed His mind to Paul.

FILL IN THE BLANKS:
31. Paul came not with ______________ of speech or of ______________.
32. “I was with you in ____________, and in ____________ and in much trembling.”
33. Paul's speech was not with ________ words or ________.
34. “That your ________ should not stand in the ___________ of ________.”
35. Paul spoke the ________ of God in a ____________ that God ordained before the ____________.
36. God ____________ them to us by His ____________.
37. “The ____________ searcheth ________ things, yea, the ________ things of God.”
38. "Now we have ______________, not the ______________ if the ______________ but the ___ ______________ which is of ________.”
39. The ______________ man receives ______________ the things of the ____________ of God.
40. “But he that is ______________ judgeth ________ things, yet he himself is ________ of no man.”
Questions on 1 Corinthians 3
by Aude McKee

TRUE / FALSE:
1. _____ The division at Corinth caused Paul to say "ye... walk as men."
2. _____ The Corinthian brethren were now able to receive "meat."
3. _____ Paul said if a man’s work is burned, he shall be lost.
4. _____ The temple of God, in verse 16, is the church.
5. _____ Paul said one must become a "fool" in order to be wise.
6. _____ Paul said, "let no man glory in men."
7. _____ Paul said he could speak unto the Corinthians "as unto spiritual."
8. _____ Paul had fed the Corinthians with milk.
9. _____ Other foundation can no man lay than Jesus Christ.
10. _____ Verse 15 teaches the Catholic doctrine of "purgatory."

MATCH:
11. _____ Unto spiritual
12. _____ I have planted
13. _____ God’s husbandry
14. _____ Gold, silver, precious stones
15. _____ The day shall declare it
16. _____ Wisdom of this world
17. _____ Thoughts of the wise
18. _____ And ye are Christ’s
19. _____ The Spirit of God
20. _____ Let no man

FILL IN THE BLANKS:
21. They were carnal when they said "I am of ________;... I am of _________.
22. Paul and Apollos were "but ________ by whom ye believed."
23. Every man shall be rewarded according to his ____________
24. God's grace made Paul a wise ________________
25. "If any man's work abide..., he shall receive a ___________________.
26. "If any man's work shall be burned, he shall suffer ____________________.
27. "If any man ___________ the temple of God, him shall God ____________.
28. "... but he himself shall be saved; yet so as by ____________________.
29. "The temple of God is ________________”
30. "Now he that planteth and he that watereth are ____________________.

QUESTIONS:
31. What evidence of carnality was found in the Corinthian church?
32. Were Paul, Apollos, and God mutually dependent?
33. Who always gives the "increase?"
34. Upon what does the increase depend?
35. If neither Paul nor Apollos were "anything," who was?
36. Who laid the foundation in Corinth?
37. What warning did Paul give about building?
38. Figuratively, what materials are built upon the foundation?
39. What is meant by "every man's work"?
40. What did Paul mean by "For all things are yours"?
Questions on 1 Corinthians 4
by Aude McKee

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. The apostles were the stewards of the _________________ of God.
2. "I judge not _______________________."
3. Paul, in a figure, transferred "these things" to ____________ and to ____________.
4. "Ye have _________________ as kings without _________________.
5. "We are _________________ for Christ's sake."
6. "Now some are _________________, as though I would not come to you."
7. "For the kingdom of God is not in _________________, but in _________________.
8. "Shall I come unto you with a _________________, or in _________________, and in the spirit of _________________.
9. "Therefore judge nothing before the _________________.
10. "Then shall every man have _________________ of God."

QUESTIONS:

11. The apostles were to be regarded as what?
12. What is required of stewards?
13. What kind of judging did Paul forbid?
14. Is there a limit to how much we may think (esteem) of another?
15. Did Paul use irony in reproving the Corinthians?
16. Did the apostles have any certain dwelling place?
17. Did the apostles work and labor with their own hands?
18. How did the apostles react when reviled, persecuted and defamed?
19. Did Paul exhort the Corinthians to be followers of him?
20. For what cause did Paul send Timothy unto them?

TRUE / FALSE:

21. _____ Paul said, "It is a small thing that I should be judged of you."
22. _____ Paul said, "Who maketh thee to differ from another?"
23. _____ Paul said "that God hath set forth us the apostles first."
24. _____ Paul said, "Ye are honorable but we are despised."
25. _____ Paul said "that the apostles had it very easy, even unto this present hour."
26. _____ Paul's exhortations were as those of a father to children.
27. _____ The Corinthians had been begotten by Paul through the gospel.
28. _____ Paul's teaching was the same in every church.
29. _____ Paul said he would come unto them shortly.
30. _____ The Corinthians thought of men above that which is written.

MATCH:

31. _____ He that judgeth me A. Counsels of the heart
32. _____ Hidden things of darkness B. That thou didst not receive
33. _____ Puffed up C. But the power
34. _____ What hast thou D. Is the Lord
35. _____ Now ye are full E. Not many fathers
36. _____ Appointed to death F. Offscouring of all things
37. _____ We are weak G. One against another
38. _____ Filth of the world H. Spectacle unto the world
39. _____ Ten thousand instructors I. Now ye are rich
40. _____ Not the speech J. Ye are strong
Questions on 1 Corinthians 5
by Aude McKee

MATCH:

1. ______ Puffed up
2. ______ Absent in body
3. ______ Destruction of the flesh
4. ______ Your glorying
5. ______ Purge out
6. ______ Malice and wickedness
7. ______ Do not ye judge
8. ______ Put away
9. ______ Father's
10. ______ Deliver

A. Unto Satan
B. Wicked person
C. Wife
D. Not rather mourned
E. Spirit may be saved
F. Not good
G. Present in spirit
H. Old leaven
I. Them that are within
J. Sincerity and truth

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. This church discipline was to be when they were ___________ together and in the ___________ of our Lord, and "my ___________, with the ___________ of ... Christ."
12. "For then must ye needs go out of the ___________.
13. "For what have I to do to ___________ them also that are _____________."
14. "But them that are without God _____________."
15. "Therefore put away from among ____________ that wicked person."
16. The fornicator in this church had "his ____________ wife."
17. "... he that hath done this ____________ might be ____________ ____________ from among you."
18. "... that the spirit may be saved in the day of the _____________."
19. "For even Christ our passover is ____________ for us."
20. "... if any man that is called a ____________ be a fornicator,..."

QUESTIONS:

21. Identify the source of Paul's information concerning fornication at Corinth?
22. Was it necessary for Paul to be present in order to "judge" in this matter?
23. What action did Paul order concerning the guilty?
24. Give the meaning of "To deliver such an one unto Satan."
25. Were the Corinthians "unleavened"?
26. What did Paul mean by "Therefore let us keep the feast"?
27. Had Paul written to Corinth before this epistle?
28. What is the meaning of the command, "not to company with"?
29. Name the forms of worldliness specified by Paul in this chapter.
30. Does the discipline authorized here apply to all "disorderly" conduct?

TRUE / FALSE:

31. ______ Fornication in this church was such as was "named" among the gentiles.
32. ______ Paul commended these brethren concerning worldliness.
33. ______ "A little leaven leaveneth the whole lump."
34. ______ Christ is our passover.
35. ______ Paul had not instructed them before concerning fornication.
36. ______ The "company" forbidden with a brother is permitted with one of the world.
37. ______ The command "not to company" includes "no not to eat."
38. ______ The Lord's supper is to be eaten with those of the world.
39. ______ 1 Corinthians 5 deals with the subject of church discipline.
40. ______ Paul said concerning the guilty, I "have judged already."
Questions on 1 Corinthians 6
by Aude McKee

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. "Are you unworthy to judge the ____________ _____ matters?"
2. "I speak to your ________________ ."
3. "Now therefore there is ________________ a ________________ among you."
4. "Why do you not rather take ________________ ?"
5. "I will not be brought under the ________________ of any."
6. "God shall destroy both ________________ and ________________ ."
7. The body is "for the Lord; and the Lord for the ________________ ."
8. "Flee ________________ ."
9. "For ye are bought with a ________________ ."
10. "He that committeth ________________ sinneth against his own body."

QUESTIONS:

11. What fault among the Corinthians does Paul reprove in the fore part of this chapter?
12. In what way do saints judge the world?
13. Were there none wise among them who could judge between brethren?
14. Name and define the different kinds of unrighteousness in verses 9, 10.

15. Were some of them adulterers before obeying the gospel?
16. Does God's law on marriage apply to non-Christians?
17. What terms describe how the Corinthians were made righteous?
18. Are all expedients first lawful?
19. May Christians become members of an harlot?
20. Is there an exception to Paul's statement, "Every sin that a man doeth is without the body"?

MATCH:

21. _____ Dare any of you A. Belly for meats
22. _____ Set them to judge B. Brother with brother
23. _____ Go to law C. In your body
24. _____ Ye do wrong, and defraud D. And that your brother
25. _____ Such were E. Will also raise us
26. _____ All things are lawful F. Go to law before the unjust
27. _____ Meats for the belly G. Some of you
28. _____ God raised up the Lord H. Members of Christ
29. _____ Your bodies I. But... not expedient
30. _____ Glorify God J. Least esteemed in the church

TRUE / FALSE:

31. _____ Saints should settle differences before saints.
32. _____ Saints shall judge angels.
33. _____ Paul said they should not suffer themselves to be defrauded.
34. _____ The unrighteous shall not inherit the kingdom of God.
35. _____ Paul condemns homosexuality.
36. _____ Paul said the body is for fornication.
37. _____ If one is joined to an harlot, he shall be "one flesh."
38. _____ One joined unto the Lord is "one spirit."
39. _____ Our body is the temple of the Holy Spirit.
40. _____ We belong to ourselves.
Questions on 1 Corinthians 7
by Aude McKee

QUESTIONS:
1. One purpose of marriage is to avoid what sin?
2. Who has power over the body of the husband? Wife?
3. Did Paul say to the unmarried, "It is good for them if they abide even as I"?
4. If they could not "contain," what were they to do? Why?
5. Who commanded the wife not to depart from her husband?
6. If either wife or husband be separated, What are they to do?
7. Should a Christian married to an unbeliever separate from her (him)?
8. What is the "bondage" in verse 15?
9. In what sense are children of a mixed marriage "holy"?
10. What conflicting views are found concerning "only in the Lord" (v. 39)?

MATCH:
11. _____ Let the husband (wife) A. Without distraction
12. _____ By permission B. "Giveth her not... doeth better"
13. _____ Let not the wife C. Render due benevolence
14. _____ Let not the husband D. Use it rather
15. _____ Called being a servant E. Not of commandment
16. _____ If thou mayest be... free F. And need so require
17. _____ This is good G. Put away his wife
18. _____ Attend upon the Lord H. Depart from her husband
19. _____ Flower of her age I. For the present distress
20. _____ "Giveth her... doeth well" J. Care not for it

TRUE / FALSE:
21. _____ This epistle concerns things about which the church at Corinth had written Paul.
22. _____ Paul wished that all men were unmarried.
23. _____ Paul's command, speaking, judgment, supposition, and though (vs.10,12,25,26,40) were all inspired.
24. _____ The unbelieving husband is saved, if and because his wife is a Christian.
25. _____ Paul teaches that one might save his unbelieving mate.
26. _____ Every man may abide in the "same calling" wherein he is called.
27. _____ "The wife is bound by the law as long as her husband liveth."
28. _____ Baptism will not change an adulterous relationship into an acceptable one.
29. _____ If one is called... being a servant, he is the Lord's freeman.
30. _____ The Bible give two exceptions (causes) for divorce and remarriage.

FILL IN THE BLANKS:
31. "________________ ye not one the other, except it be with consent for a time,..."
32. "But every man hath his proper ________________ of God."
33. "God hath called us to ________________ ."
34. "Ye are bought with a price; be not the servants of ____________________ ."
35. "Nevertheless such shall have trouble in the ________________ ."
36. "But she is happier if she __________ ____________, after my judgement."
37. "There is a difference also between a ________________ and a ________________ ."
38. "But I would have you without ____________________ ."
39. "________________ is nothing, and uncircumcision is ________________ ."
40. "... but the keeping of the ________________ of God."
Questions on 1 Corinthians 8  
by Aude McKee

MATCH:

1. _____ Knowledge puffeth up  A. Sacrificed unto idols
2. _____ Eating of those things  B. By whom are all things
3. _____ Idol is nothing  C. Stumblingblock
4. _____ The Father  D. But charity edifieth
5. _____ One Lord Jesus Christ  E. "Neither... are we the worse"
6. _____ Conscience being weak  F. For whom Christ died
7. _____ "Neither... are we the better"  G. None other God but one
8. _____ Liberty  H. Or in earth
9. _____ Weak brother  I. Of whom are all things
10. _____ Whether in heaven  J. Is defiled

TRUE / FALSE:

11. _____ In verse 2, Paul talks of conceited knowledge.
12. _____ Unto some there be gods many, but unto us there is but one God.
13. _____ Some eat "a thing offered... with conscience of the idol."
14. _____ There is no danger to the weak, if he see us sit at meat in the idol's temple.
15. _____ When we wound the conscience of the weak brother, we sin against Christ.
16. _____ In all of Paul's writing concerning eating meat, he warned against offending a weak brother.
17. _____ It is possible for us to "offend" a weak brother today.
18. _____ We should never offend our brother by doing things he does not approve.
19. _____ Sometimes we may sin by doing things that are right of themselves.
20. _____ Paul's teaching here contradicts the letter of the apostles and elders at Jerusalem (Acts 15:22-29).

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

21. "But if any man _____________ God, the same is known of him."
22. "If meat make my brother to _____________, I will eat no _____________ while the world standeth."
23. "Now as touching things _____________ unto _____________.
24. "He knoweth nothing yet as he _____________ to know."
25. "We know that an idol is _____________ in the world."
26. "Howbeit there is not in every man that _____________.
27. "Take _____________ lest... this liberty of yours become a _____________.
28. "Through thy knowledge shall the weak brother _____________.
29. This chapter concerns eating meats sacrificed to _____________.
30. If we have _____________, we will be considerate of others.

QUESTIONS:

31. Does verse 1 imply that Corinth wrote Paul about "things offered unto idols"?
32. Why does Paul contrast "knowledge" and "charity"?
33. What is the difference between "we in him" and "we by him"?
34. Does every man know that there is but one God?
35. Does whether or not we eat meat commend us unto God?
36. What warning is given concerning our relationship to the weak?
37. Can a weak brother perish through the exercise of our "knowledge"?
38. What is the meaning of the word "offend" in verse 13?
39. Did Paul write further on this subject in another chapter of this epistle?
40. In what other book did Paul write concerning the eating of meat?
Questions on 1 Corinthians 9
by Aude McKee

TRUE / FALSE:
1. It seems that some at Corinth were denying Paul's apostleship.
2. The Corinthian church's existence was evidence of Paul's apostleship.
3. Cephas and Apollos were the same person.
4. Paul argues that a soldier paid his own expenses in order to be a soldier.
5. It seems there were some who received support from the Corinthian church.
6. Paul had cause for pride since he was a gospel preacher.
7. Paul's idea was: "So far as preaching is concerned, I can do it or not do it."
8. People who live this side of the cross are under the law.
9. Paul taught that he would become a drunkard in order to convert drunkards.
10. Self-control is taught in this chapter.

MATCH:

11. ______ 1 Timothy 5:17-18 A. 1 Corinthians 9:5
13. ______ Matthew 8:14 C. 1 Corinthians 9:19
14. ______ Matthew 13:55 D. Hebrews 12:1
15. ______ 1 Corinthians 9:9 E. 1 Corinthians 9:1
16. ______ 1 Corinthians 9:13 F. Leviticus 6:16
17. ______ Romans 12:1-14-16 G. 1 Corinthians 9:14
18. ______ Acts 22:28 H. Right for elders to receive financial support
19. ______ 2 Corinthians I. 1 Corinthians 9:16
20. ______ 1 Corinthians J. Jesus had brothers

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

21. Paul claimed the right to lead about a ___________, a _______________.
22. ___________ went with Paul on his 1st missionary journey.
23. "Thou shalt not muzzle the mouth of the ox..." is written in the law of _____________.
24. The man that plows should do so in _________________.
25. They that preach the _______________ should live of the ________________.
26. "To the Jews I became as a _____________," Paul said.
27. In a race only one receives the _________________.
28. When Paul fought, he did not beat the _________________.
29. Verse _______________ teaches the possibility of apostasy.
30. Paul brought his body into _________________.

QUESTIONS:

31. Why did Paul mention the fact that he had seen Jesus?
32. How did God provide for oxen in O. T. days?
33. List the arguments Paul makes to show it is right for a preacher to receive financial aid:
34. Just what does Paul mean by "spiritual things" and "carnal things"?
35. Why did Paul refuse to take support (wages) from the Corinthian church?
36. How did Paul live (where did he get the money to live on) while at Corinth?
37. Paul said it would be better for him to die than for what to happen?
38. In what sense was Paul "free from all men"?
39. Who were the ones referred to in v. 21 as being "without law"?
40. Was there ever a time in Paul's life when he felt he could ease up and "coast" into heaven?
Questions on 1 Corinthians 10
by Aude McKee

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. "That __________________________ was Christ."
2. "Now these things were our ____________________________ ."
3. "The people sat down to ________ and ________, and rose up to ________ ."
4. "Flee from ____________________________ ."
5. "I would not that ye should have ________________ with devils."
6. "Let no man seek his ________________, but every man another's ________________ ."
7. "Even as I please ________ men in ________ things, not seeking my own profit."
8. "Do we provoke the Lord to ________ ?"
9. "The bread which we break, is it not the ________________ of the body of Christ?"
10. "Our fathers were under the ____________________________ and all passed through the ________ ."

TRUE / FALSE:

11. _____ The "spiritual Rock that followed them" was Moses.
12. _____ Some Israelites were guilty of idolatry and fornication.
13. _____ Our temptations are common to man.
14. _____ All who partake of the one bread are one body.
15. _____ The Gentiles sacrificed unto devils.
16. _____ Paul said all things lawful are expedient.
17. _____ Paul said concerning a common meal that we should eat whatever is set before us without asking any questions.
18. _____ Whether we eat or drink, God should be glorified.
19. _____ Paul sought his own profit, not that of many.
20. _____ God will suffer us to be tempted above that which we are able to bear.

MATCH:

21. _____ Not well pleased
22. _____ We should not lust
23. _____ Murmured
24. _____ Take heed
25. _____ God is faithful
26. _____ Cup of blessing
27. _____ Eat of sacrifices
28. _____ Cup of the Lord
29. _____ Lord's table
30. _____ This is offered... unto idols

A. Partakers of the altar
B. Destroyed of the destroyer
C. Make a way to escape
D. Eat not
E. Overthrown in the wilderness
F. Lest he fall
G. Table of devils
H. Which we bless
I. As they also lusted
J. Cup of devils

QUESTIONS:

31. In what elements were the Israelites immersed unto Moses?
32. What was their spiritual meat and drink?
33. May we tempt Christ?
34. Are Old Testament examples of value to us?
35. The expression "end of the world" refers to what age?
36. In what way was idolatry a temptation to the Corinthians?
37. Under what conditions could the Corinthians eat meat sold in the shambles?
38. Under what condition could they accept an invitation to a feast?
39. Is our liberty judged by another man's conscience?
40. Name three to whom no offense is to be given?
Questions on 1 Corinthians 11
by Aude McKee

MATCH:

1. _____ Head of the woman A. Glory of the man
2. _____ Woman B. To eat and drink in
3. _____ Long hair C. Cup
4. _____ Glory to a woman D. Eat and drink unworthily
5. _____ Houses E. Many weak and sickly
6. _____ Bread F. Man
7. _____ Guilty of body and blood G. Long hair
8. _____ Fruit of the vine H. Eat at home
9. _____ Any man hunger I. Body of Christ
10. _____ Improper observance J. Shame of a man

TRUE / FALSE:

11. _____ It is right to follow a man so long as he follows Christ.
12. _____ Christ is the head of God.
13. _____ The last "head" in verse 4 refers to Christ.
14. _____ The last "head" in verse 5 refers to Christ.
15. _____ At the time this letter was written, a woman could pray and prophesy.
16. _____ The covering of verse 5 is artificial, that is, her hair is not under consideration.
17. _____ Jesus instituted the Lord's Supper soon after he was baptized.
18. _____ You can read of the institution of the Lord's Supper in Matthew 26, Mark 13 & Luke 22.
19. _____ John does not record the institution of the Lord's Supper.
20. _____ We are to examine each other to determine who can partake.

QUESTIONS:

21. Paul commanded the Corinthians to keep what?
22. Who is man's head?
23. When a man prayed or prophesied uncovered, what was to be done to his head?
24. If a woman prayed or prophesied uncovered, what was to be done to her?
25. Who was the woman created for?
26. Explain verse 10. What is the "power" (KJV) and why are angels mentioned?
27. What is Paul saying in verses 11-12?
28. What teaches that it is a shame for a man to have long hair?
29. Who has no such custom?
30. Were the assemblies of the Corinthians conducted so as to honor God?
31. Why did Paul say, "There must be heresies among you"?
32. When the Corinthians came together what were they doing?
33. Connect "tarry one for another" (v. 33) with verse 21. What does "tarry one for another" mean?
34. Did Paul make a difference between where they ate their common meals and the place where the Lord's Supper was spread?
35. What did Jesus do before he brake the bread?
36. What does the phrase, "he brake it" (v. 24) mean?
37. To learn how frequently and when the Lord's Supper is to be observed, what passage would you read?
38. In whose memory is the Lord's Supper to be observed?
39. Does the word "unworthily" (vv. 27-29) mean that a person had to be sinless the week before in order to partake?
40. Is the word "sleep" (v. 30) used figuratively or literally?
Questions on 1 Corinthians 12
by Aude McKee

FILL IN THE BLANKS:
1. Chapter 12 concerns ________________________________.
2. There were ________________ of these gifts.
3. The Corinthians were ________________ and had been guilty of worshiping ________________.
4. If a man is Spirit guided he does not call ___________________ accursed.
5. There are diversities of ________________, ________________, and ________________.
6. The body is one and has many ________________.
7. If one member ______________________, all members ________________ with it.
8. God set the ______________________ first in the church.
9. Paul told the Corinthians to covet the best ______________________.
10. There was a more ________________ ________________ than exercising spiritual gifts.

QUESTIONS:
11. In chapter 1, verse 7, Paul said the Corinthians did not come behind in what?
12. Is Paul saying that the operation of the Holy Spirit is characterized by consistency?
13. Why was the Spirit given to "every man"?
14. Were all Christians given the same gifts?
15. The first three gifts mentioned were wisdom, knowledge and faith. Is there wisdom, knowledge and faith among us today?
16. How would "miracles" differ from healing?
17. What did people do who "talked in tongues"?
18. Who determined who received what gifts?
19. Read Acts 8:14-19. How did early Christians receive the Holy Spirit so that they could possess spiritual gifts?
20. Does verse 13 teach Holy Spirit baptism?
21. All members of the physical body do not perform the same function. Does this mean that some are unnecessary or less important?
22. Who set the members in the body? Is this true of both the physical and spiritual body?
23. What is the body of Christ?
24. What does the word "schism" mean? Should there be schism in the body?
25. Was it right to want spiritual gifts?

TRUE / FALSE:
26. _____ It is implied in this chapter that ignorance is dispelled by teaching.
27. _____ The word "prophecy" involved guessing about future events.
28. _____ Christ has a body with many members.
29. _____ All those who are baptized (scripturally) become members of the same body.
30. _____ The hands have no need for the feet because the hands can operate without the help of the feet.
31. _____ The feeble members are necessary.
32. _____ On the less honorable members of the body we heap scorn.
33. _____ In this chapter, Paul is saying that if you can't do something outstanding in the church, you don't amount to much.
34. _____ The Corinthians evidently had had trouble over spiritual gifts.
35. _____ The more "excellent way" they were to be shown was love.
Questions on 1 Corinthians 13  
by Aude McKee

QUESTIONS:
1. This chapter deals primarily with what subject?
2. Define love:
3. Do angels have a language?
4. From verses 4-7, make a list of the characteristics of love:
5. What will never fail?
6. What three things did Paul say would fail, cease and vanish away?
7. Does verse 8 teach that a time would come when men could not speak and everybody would be "dumb as oxen"?
8. At the time Paul wrote, had the revelation been completed?
9. Does the word prophecy refer only to the revelation of future events?
10. To what does the word perfect refer in verse 10?
11. Prophecies, tongues and knowledge would cease but what would abide?
12. When would Paul know even as he was known?

TRUE / FALSE:
13. _____ Verse 1 teaches that men speak different languages.
14. _____ Acts 2:4 and 2:6 use the words tongue and language interchangeably.
15. _____ A man can be great in God's eyes without love.
16. _____ Love is impatient.
17. _____ "Doth not behave itself unseemly" means that love is not rude.
18. _____ A fellow who loves is always trying to push himself to the front.
19. _____ Love puts the best possible construction on every statement and act.
20. _____ Normally we address people by "that which is" instead of "he who is."
21. _____ Part and perfect are used in the same context.
22. _____ The second coming is under consideration in verse 10.
23. _____ In verse 11, Paul is comparing the period during which the church needed spiritual gifts to the infant period of an individual.
24. _____ The word glass in verse 12 means a mirror.
25. _____ At the time when revelation was partial, Paul saw "face to face."
26. _____ Paul said he would know as he was known when the partial was done away.
27. _____ When Jesus Christ comes the second time, faith and hope will abide.

MATCH:
28. _____ Charity  
29. _____ Faith  
30. _____ Profitless benevolence  
31. _____ Matthew 5:44  
32. _____ Love the truth  
33. _____ Matthew 22:37  
34. _____ Love wife  
35. _____ 1 Peter 3:10  
36. _____ Love children  
37. _____ 1 John 3:14  
38. _____ Love neighbor  
39. _____ Titus 2:4  
40. _____ Love Jesus 

A. Could remove mountains  
B. 2 Thessalonians 2:10  
C. Love  
D. Love life  
E. Ephesians 5:25  
F. Ephesians 6:24  
G. Love your enemies  
H. Titus 2:4  
I. Love God  
J. Without love  
K. Love brethren  
L. Love husband  
M. Romans 13:9
Questions on 1 Corinthians 14
by Aude McKee

PROVIDE THE CORRECT WORD OR WORDS:

1. ______________________ The most desirable spiritual gift.
2. ______________________ That which the one who prophesies edifies.
3. ______________________ Word found in KJV that is not in the original (describing tongues).
4. ______________________ Another word for tongues.
5. ______________________ What Paul did more than all the Corinthians.
6. ______________________ A sign to the unbeliever.
7. ______________________ Must be present when tongues are employed.
8. ______________________ That which is subject to the prophets.
9. ______________________ Those who are to keep silence in the churches.
10. ______________________ How all things are to be done.

TRUE / FALSE:

11. _____ The man who speaks in a tongue, speaks to men and not to God.
12. _____ The man who speaks in a tongue, edifies himself.
13. _____ Any sound from a trumpet would call men to battle.
14. _____ The word barbarian is not found in this chapter.
15. _____ There were "unlearned" people who attended the Corinthian assemblies.
16. _____ In some ways Christians are to be like children.
17. _____ The church does not exist unless all the members are assembled.
18. _____ Paul taught that tongue speakers were to "take turns."
19. _____ God is not the author of peace but of confusion.
20. _____ Women are to be under subjection.

TELL WHAT IS WRONG WITH EACH STATEMENT

21. Of the nine spiritual gifts, love was the most important.
22. Those who prophesied were greater than those who raised the dead.
23. In verse seven, Paul was teaching the musicians who played in the Corinthian church band how they ought to play.
24. Those in the Corinthian church who could not understand the tongue speakers, had no formal education.
25. Listeners ought to say "amen" at regular intervals to encourage the speaker.
26. Paul said he would rather speak ten thousand words than five because he could teach more that way.
27. Propesying was primarily for the benefit of the unbeliever.
28. The word edify means to stand up for something or have courage.
29. An interpreter was a person who had learned a foreign language in school.
30. These Corinthians jumped over seats, rolled on the ground, shouted, etc., because they could not control themselves once the Spirit began to act.

QUESTIONS:

31. What is the meaning of:
   a. Mystery:
   b. Prophecy:
   c. Revelation:
   d. Barbarian:
32. What three things are accomplished by the one who prophesies?
33. What does verse 10 mean?
34. The thing oft repeated in the chapter is that all things ought to contributed to what?
35. Verse 34 applies when the condition of verse 23 is present. Now state the principle in your own words.
36. What does the phrase "speak in the church" (v. 35) mean?
Questions on 1 Corinthians 15
by Aude McKee

MATCH:

1. _____ Third day A. Heavenly
2. _____ Paul B. Sin
3. _____ Miserable men C. In Adam
4. _____ All die D. Arose
5. _____ Death E. Quickening Spirit
6. _____ Ephesus F. One born out of due time
7. _____ Celestial bodies G. Flesh and blood
8. _____ Last Adam H. Hope in this life only
9. _____ Cannot inherit kingdom of God I. Last enemy destroyed
10. _____ Sting of death J. Fought with beasts

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. We are saved by ____________.
12. The death, burial, and resurrection of Christ were according to the ____________.
13. Above ____________ brethren at once saw Jesus after His resurrection.
14. Paul persecuted the ____________ of God.
15. If Christ be not risen our ____________ is vain and your ____________ is vain.
16. Jesus must reign till all ____________ are under His feet.
17. Evil ____________ corrupt good manners.
18. Every seed has its own ____________.
19. The body is sown in ____________; it is raised in power.
20. We shall not all ____________ but we shall all be changed.

QUESTIONS:

21. To what did Paul attribute his being a child of God?
22. What fact were some in Corinth denying?
23. In verse 22, is being "made alive" physical or spiritual?
24. At what event does "the end" come?
25. What religious group teaches baptism for the dead?
26. Does the fact that this body decays in the grave produce any difficulties in regard to the resurrection?
27. What is the meaning of the phrase "terrestrial bodies"?
28. Compare Philippians 3:20-21 with verse 49. Our new body will be like whose?
29. What is meant by "we shall not all sleep"?
30. The victory over sin and death is gained through whom?

TRUE / FALSE:

31. _____ Is it possible to believe the gospel in vain.
32. _____ Another name for Cephas is Peter.
33. _____ If there be no resurrection then Christ has not been raised.
34. _____ If Christ has not been raise then the apostles are truthful men.
35. _____ When all things were put under the feet of Christ, God was included.
36. _____ Peter said, "I die daily."
37. _____ The Bible teaches, "Let us eat and drink; for tomorrow we die."
38. _____ The flesh of birds and fish is the same.
39. _____ The dead will be raised when the trumpet sounds.
40. _____ Labor in the Lord is not in vain.
Questions on 1 Corinthians 16
by Aude McKee

QUESTIONS:

1. For whose benefit was the collection to be made?
2. Is a "treasury" stated, implied, or referred to in any way in verses 1-2, and if so how?
3. On what day were the Corinthian Christians to "lay by in store"?
4. By so doing how would it help Paul?
5. Where did Paul plan to wait until Pentecost?
6. What did Paul say Timothy worked?
7. On what matter did Paul and Apollos differ?
9. The house (family) of Stephanas was addicted to what?
10. In whose house did the church meet?

UNDERLINE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

11. The churches in (Macedonia, Persia, Galatia) were also commanded to give.
12. Corinth lay to the (south, north, east, west) of Macedonia.
13. (Fortunatus, Peter, Stephanas, Paul Achaicus) is not mentioned in this chapter.
14. "If the Lord permit" (is, is not) found in this chapter.
15. Paul thought it possible to spend the (spring, fall, summer, winter) in Corinth.
16. Paul said, "A great (door, work, field) is opened unto me."
17. All things are to be done with (patience, hope, fear, love, concern).
18. The house of (Achaicus, Stephanas, Aquila) was the firstfruits of Achaia.
19. The churches of (Asia, Macedonia, Europe) are mentioned in this chapter.
20. A holy (handshake, smile, kiss) was a form of greeting.

TRUE / FALSE:

21. _____ Paul planned to carry the contribution to Jerusalem by himself.
22. _____ Paul planned to observe the feast of Pentecost in Ephesus.
23. _____ One good thing, Paul had no adversaries at this time.
24. _____ Apollos was an apostle.
25. _____ Paul, as an apostle, had the power to order people to go where he wanted them to go.
26. _____ Stephanas, Fortunatus and Achaicus brought supplies to Paul.
27. _____ Paul added the salutation with his own hand.
28. _____ If any man loved the Lord he was to be Anathema Maranatha.
29. _____ Anathema Maranatha was a lady in the Corinthian church.
30. _____ This epistle was written just after Paul's first missionary journey.

MATCH:

31. _____ 2 Corinthians 9:1
32. _____ 2 Corinthians 8:19
33. _____ 2 Corinthians 8:20-21
34. _____ Macedonia
35. _____ Pentecost
36. _____ Apollos
37. _____ Churches of Asia and Galatia
38. _____ Stephanas, Etc.
39. _____ Aquila and Priscilla
40. _____ Grace

A. Northern part of Greece
B. Local congregations
C. 1 Corinthians 16:3
D. Some followed
E. 1 Corinthians 16:1
F. Taught Apollos (cf. Acts 18:26)
G. Unmerited Favor
H. Birthday of the church
I. Reason for messengers
J. Refreshed Paul's spirit