



Lessons on the Books of Poetry #1

by Aude McKee

Job 1-8

1. Where did Job live?
Was he rich or poor?
2. How many sons and daughters did he have?
3. What reason did Satan give as to why Job served God?
4. What was the first restriction God placed on Satan in his dealings with Job?
5. What evil happened to Job in chapter one?
6. What was Job's reaction to all of this?
7. What was the restriction placed on the devil the second time he was to afflict Job?
8. What did Job's wife suggest he do when he was stricken with boils?
9. Who were Eliphaz, Eiload, and Zophar?
10. How long did they sit with Job without saying a word?
11. What did Job curse in chapter three?
In effect, what is Job saying in this chapter?
12. For what is Job well-known?
13. Whose speech is recorded in chapters five and six?
14. In 4:8-9, what seems to be implied as the cause of Job's troubles?
15. With what does Eliphaz say God charged his angels?
16. Beginning with verse 17 of chapter five, what is Eliphaz suggesting to Job?
17. In chapter five, Eliphaz says that man is born unto trouble as what?
18. Who begins to speak in chapter six?
19. Job asks if there is any taste in what?
20. Job longs for God to do what?
21. What is Job saying in 6:24-25?
22. Are there people today who feel like Job felt in 7:4?
23. What verse in chapter seven is most often quoted?
24. What happened to Job when he went to sleep?
25. Who speaks in chapter eight?
26. What, would you say, is the main point of his speech?
27. Bildad says our days on earth are a what?
28. What will happen to the hypocrites' hope?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #2

by Aude McKee

Job 9 - 15

1. Who commands the sun and seals up the stars?
2. How many chapters does Job's third speech cover?
3. What does Job say about the great things God does and the wonders He performs?
4. In chapter nine, Job says his days are swifter than what?
5. Give attention to 9:32-33. Be prepared to explain what Job meant.
6. Job said that God had curdled him like what?
7. What did Job say he was full of?
8. Job wished that he could have been carried from the womb to where?
9. Who is the spokesman in chapter eleven?
10. How does this speech of chapter eleven impress you?
11. What did Zophar say about Job's iniquities?
12. What did Zophar say about the hope of the wicked?
13. Zophar calls upon Job to do what?
14. Chapter 12 begins Job's fourth speech. How many chapters does it cover?
15. How would you classify the statement of Job 12:1?
16. Who does Job say is responsible for the things from 12:9-25?
17. Job accuses his friends of being forgers of what?
What kind of doctors were they?
18. In what verse in chapter thirteen is Job's trust in God expressed beautifully?
19. In the days of Job garments were threatened by what?
20. Quote the best known verse in chapter fourteen.
21. What did Job say might happen to a tree when it is cut down?
22. In chapter fourteen what does Job seem to doubt?
23. Chapter fifteen begins which speech for Eliphaz?
24. In this speech does Eliphaz become more or less sympathetic?
25. Whose mouth condemned Job, according to Eliphaz?
26. How did Eliphaz describe the way a man engages in iniquity?
27. Were Job's three friends inspired men?
28. If you say they were not, would you describe them as ordinary or brilliant men?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #3

by Aude McKee

Job 16 - 24

1. Chapter 16 begins which one of Job's speeches?
2. How many chapters does this speech cover?
3. What kind of comforters does he call his three friends?
4. In this chapter, Job states what he could do and what he would do if their positions were reversed. What did he say?
5. Pick out some of the verses that perhaps make chapter sixteen the saddest chapter yet in this book.
6. What did Job say to corruption and to the worm?
7. In Bildad's second speech, he accuses Job of counting them as what?
8. What do you think Bildad hopes to accomplish by this speech? (the key to the chapter is verse twenty one)
9. Chapter nineteen is which speech for Job?
10. In all the speeches in which Job had been accused of wrong doing by his friends, what specific sin or sins did they charge him with?
11. How did young children regard Job?
12. Have you seen the phrase, "*skin of my teeth*" in this book?
13. We observed the doubt that entered Job's heart in 14:14. What verses in chapter nineteen are sublime expressions of faith?
14. Who is the spokesman in chapter twenty?
15. What did Zophar say about the sins of a man's youth?
16. Note his description of a wicked man's doings in 20:12-14. In your own words, what is he saying?
17. What is Job's argument in 21:7-15?
18. Does Job agree that in the end the wicked suffer?
19. What specific sin does Eliphaz accuse Job of in 22:6-9?
20. Eliphaz asks if God can judge through what?
21. What does Eliphaz suggest that Job do in 22:23?
22. Chapter twenty-three and twenty-four are a record of which speech of Job?
23. Job says that when God has tried him he will come forth as what?
24. What value did Job place on God's word?
25. What is meant by "*removing the landmarks*"?
26. What does Job say consumes those who have sinned?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #4

by Aude McKee

Job 25 - 33

1. Chapter 25 is which of Bildad's speeches?
2. To whom does Bildad refer in verses two and three?
3. What does Bildad say is not pure in God's sight?
4. Does "son of man" in verse 6 of chapter 25 refer to Jesus?
5. Explain the significance of 25:7.
6. To whom does Job have reference in all of chapter 26?
7. What has God done to the heavens by His Spirit?
8. Job said that while his breath was in him he would not do what?
9. What kind of picture does Job paint of the hypocrite?
10. Where are iron and brass obtained?
11. What is not found in the land of the living?
12. What is priced above rubies?
13. Who knows where wisdom can be found?
14. What is wisdom?
15. What does Job describe in chapter 29?
16. If the things pointed out in chapter 29 are true, were Job's friends right or wrong in their judgment of him?
17. What is Job saying in 30:1?
18. Note chapters twenty-nine and thirty. Are they parallel or do they form a contrast?
19. What color did Job say his skin was?
20. Are snakes mentioned anywhere in this lesson?
Where?
21. Job's ninth speech begins with chapter twenty-six. How many chapters does it cover?
22. Note 26:13-15. In your own words, what did Job say?
23. Did Job put trust in money?
From what verses do you get your answer?
24. How many more times did Eliphaz, Bildad, and Zophar speak after chapter thirty-one?
25. Who begins to speak in chapter thirty-two?
Did he speak for or against Job?
26. Elihu said that great men are not always what?
27. What does he say about flattering titles?
28. Did Job suffer because of sins?
(See John 9:1-3) Is it right to say now that those who suffer do so as a result of sin?
29. What did Elihu say he would teach Job?
30. In all, how many people did Job have against him?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #5

by Aude McKee

Job 34 - 42

1. Whose speech is continued in chapter 34?
2. In this speech is Job being criticized or justified?
3. How many chapters does this speech cover?
4. What was Elihu's desire for Job?
5. Elihu asked, "*Who giveth songs in the night*"? What prisoners once sang at midnight?
6. Elihu said that Job multiplied words without what?
7. What did Elihu say cannot be searched out?
8. What comes out of the north?
9. Who begins to speak in chapter 38?
10. From whence does all wisdom and knowledge spring?
11. Of what was the Lord speaking when He said, "*Hitherto shalt thou come but no further*"?
12. God asked Job if he had considered the treasures of what two things?
13. Define: Pleiades
Orion
Mazzaroth
Arcturus
14. Will he "*abide by thy crib*" was asked of what animal?
15. What bird abides on the rock?
16. In the middle of the Lord's speech, what did Job say?
17. Out of what did the Lord answer Job?
18. Perhaps the word "*behemoth*" refers to what animal?
19. Also the word "*leviathan*" may have referred to what?
20. What bird warms her eggs in dust?
21. Job began his last speech by acknowledging what?
22. What did Job do in 42:6?
23. What was God's attitude toward Job's friends?
24. What were they commanded to do?
25. Their humiliation reminds us of what other Old Testament character?
26. What did the Lord do for Job in the end?
27. Who or what was Kerenhappuch?
28. How long did Job live after his affliction?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #6

by Aude McKee

Review of Job

TRUE / FALSE:

1. _____ Job's home was Babylon.
2. _____ Job had seven daughters and three sons.
3. _____ Job offered burnt offerings for his entire family.
4. _____ This indicates that Job may have lived during the Jewish dispensation.
5. _____ God brought much evil on Job.
6. _____ Satan said, "*Skin for skin, yea, all that a man hath will he give for his life.*"
7. _____ Job's wife was "*true blue.*" She was a genuine help meet.
8. _____ The book of Job has 41 chapters.
9. _____ Job's friends sat with him seven days without speaking.
10. _____ After Job's afflictions came he thanked God for the day of his birth.
11. _____ In all, Job makes ten different speeches in the book.
12. _____ Bildad, Zophar and Eliphaz were not inspired men.
13. _____ Job asked if there is any taste in salt.
14. _____ Job said if God slew him then he could no longer trust Him.
15. _____ "*If a man die, shall he live again?*" was spoken by Bildad.

QUESTIONS:

16. What is your favorite passage in the entire book?
17. Should a study of the book encourage a person to be patient under difficulties?
18. What does James say about patience?
19. What is the main point in the speeches of Job's three friends?
20. In what different ways did Job describe the speed with which his days passed?
21. Not only did Job suffer in the daytime, but at night he was afflicted in what way?
22. Did Job ever admit to being the kind of man his three friends said he was?
23. Would it be scriptural now to sing the song: "*I know that My Redeemer liveth, and on the earth again shall stand*"?
24. Job said that while a man is engaging in sin it is sweet but what happens later?
25. What value did Job place on the word of God?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

26. Satan said that God had made a _____ around Job.
27. Job said he came from his mother's womb _____.
28. The hope of the hypocrite shall _____.
29. Job said there was no _____ between him and God that He might lay his hand upon both of them.
30. Job said to his three friends, "*No doubt _____ shall die with you.*"
31. Job called them _____ of no value.
32. Job described his prayer as _____ and said there was no injustice in his _____.
33. Job said he had escaped death with the _____ of his teeth.
34. "*When he hath tried me, I shall come forth as _____*", Job said.
35. Job said the earth was hung on _____.
36. "*I caused the _____ heart to sing for joy*", Job said.
37. Job said he was a brother to _____ and a companion to _____.
38. Job made a covenant with his _____.
39. After Job's three friends finished speaking, _____ spoke.
40. The Lord answered Job out of the _____.
41. Near the end of the book, Job _____ for his three friends.
42. Job lived _____ years after his affliction, and God gave him _____ as much as he had before.

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #7

by Aude McKee

Psalms 1 - 7

QUESTIONS:

1. In what must a man not walk? Stand? Sit?
2. Against whom do rulers take counsel?
3. Of what did David say, *"I will not be afraid"*?
4. Whom has the Lord set apart for himself?
5. Gladness had been put in David's heart more than what?
6. Whom does the psalmist say the Lord hates and abhors?
7. What does the psalmist say about *"in death"* and *"in the grave (Sheol)"*?
8. To whom did David say, *"Depart from me"*?
9. David said if he had rewarded evil to one at peace with him, let the enemy do what?
10. The psalmist asked God to judge him according to what?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. The righteous man is compared to a _____ planted by the _____ of water, and the wicked to _____ which the _____ driveth away.
12. God said, *"...I have set my king upon my holy _____ of _____, and decreed, Thou are my _____; this day have I _____ thee."*
13. The Son is told, *"Thou shalt break them with a _____ of _____; thou shalt dash them in pieces like a _____."*
14. The psalmist said, *"But thou, O Lord art a _____ for me, my glory, and the lifter up of mine _____."*
15. *"Stand in _____, and sin not; _____ with your own _____ upon your bed, and be still."*
16. *"Lead me, O Lord in thy _____ because of mine enemies."*
17. The psalmist begged, *"Rebuke me not in thine _____, neither _____ me in thy hot displeasure."*
18. *"Return, O Lord, deliver my soul, O save me for thy _____ sake."*
19. David said, *"Behold, he travaileth with _____, and hath conceived mischief, and brought forth _____."*
20. One who digged a _____ had fallen into the _____ he had made.

FILL IN THE CORRECT WORD:

21. _____ That which a righteous man has in God's law.
22. _____ That in which the ungodly shall not stand.
23. _____ Those whose way shall perish.
24. _____ Those admonished to be wise.
25. _____ That to be done to the Son *"lest he be angry."*
26. _____ Bone upon which God had smitten David's enemies.
27. _____ Kind of temple toward which David worshiped.
28. _____ That which David's enemies did with their tongue.
29. _____ That with which David's couch was watered.
30. _____ Instruments David said, *"He will whet..."*

TRUE / FALSE:

31. _____ *"The leaf of the wicked shall not perish."*
32. _____ Sinners may stand in the congregation of the righteous.
33. _____ Judges were admonished to be instructed.
34. _____ Many thought God would not help David.
35. _____ God had *"broken the teeth of the ungodly,"* David said.
36. _____ David refers to God as *"my King."*
37. _____ The psalmist said, *"Their throat is an open sepulchre."*
38. _____ God will compass the wicked with favor as a shield.

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #8

by Aude McKee

Psalms 8 - 14

QUESTIONS:

1. Out of what has God ordained (established) strength?
2. What is referred to as the work of God's fingers?
3. What has God put under man's feet?
4. What is said about the "expectations of the poor"?
5. The mouth of the wicked is said to be full of what?
6. Whom does David say the Lord's "soul hateth"?
7. What will be rained upon the wicked as "the portion of their cup"?
8. Give the illustration used to show the purity of God's word.
9. Give David's reason for saying, "I will sing unto the Lord (Jehovah)."
10. When, according to the psalmist, shall Jacob rejoice and Israel be glad?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. In the _____ and _____ verses of Psalms 8, David said, "O _____ our Lord, how _____ is thy name in all the earth."
12. The psalmist asked, "What is man that thou art _____ of him? And the son of man that thou _____?"
13. God will judge the world in _____, he will minister judgment to the _____ in uprightness.
14. "The wicked is snared in the _____ of his own _____."
15. "For the _____ boasteth of his _____ desire."
16. The wicked bend the _____, make ready their _____ upon the string, that they may shoot at the _____ in _____.
17. The psalmist asked, "If the _____ be destroyed, what can the righteous do?"
18. It is said the Lord "shall cut off all _____ lips, and the tongue that speaketh _____ things."
19. David said, "Lighten mine eyes, lest I sleep the _____ of _____."
20. "The _____ hath said in his _____, there is no God."

TRUE / FALSE:

21. _____ Man was given dominion over the works of God's hands.
22. _____ David refers to God's works as being marvelous.
23. _____ The psalmist said his friends perish at the presence of God.
24. _____ The psalmist mentions "the gates of the daughter of Zion."
25. _____ The innocent being murdered in the secret places is mentioned.
26. _____ He hath said (saith) in his heart, occurs twice in Psalms 10.
27. _____ "To judge the fatherless and the oppressed," is found in Psalms 10.
28. _____ "His eyelids," said the psalmist, "try the children of men."
29. _____ Some are said to speak with a double heart.
30. _____ The psalmist said, "There is none that doeth good, no, not one."

UNDERLINE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

31. David said, "For thou hast (maintained, forgotten, destroyed,) my right and my cause."
32. "He hath prepared his (throne, law, sword) for judgment," it is said.
33. The term, "Dwelleth in (town, Judah, Zion)" is used of God.
34. The psalmist asked God to break the (will, arm, arrow) of the wicked.
35. "The Lord (Jehovah) is (king, judge, priest) forever and ever."
36. "Flee as a (bird, fox, lion) to your mountain," it is said.
37. "The Lord (Jehovah) is in his holy (tower, mountain, temple)."
38. The Lord's throne is in (Jerusalem, heaven, Gilgal).

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #9

by Aude McKee

Psalms 15 - 21

MATCH:

- | | | |
|-----------|---|---------------------------|
| 1. _____ | "Are fallen unto me in pleasant places" | A. Thy power |
| 2. _____ | "Who (that) compass me about" | B. Zion |
| 3. _____ | "Were kindled by it." | C. Presumptuous sins |
| 4. _____ | "He rode upon." | D. Strangers (foreigners) |
| 5. _____ | "He drew me out of" | E. The lines |
| 6. _____ | "For thou wilt light" | F. A cherub |
| 7. _____ | "Shall fade away" | G. Many waters |
| 8. _____ | "Keep back thy servant also from" | H. My deadly enemies |
| 9. _____ | "And strengthen thee out of" | I. My candle (lamp) |
| 10. _____ | "So will we sing praise." | J. Coals |

TRUE / FALSE:

11. _____ The psalmist refers to "the saints that are in the earth."
12. _____ David said his prayer went out of feigned lips.
13. _____ The psalmist speaks of God as "the horn of my salvation."
14. _____ "Thundered in the heavens" refers to God's action.
15. _____ God refused to deliver David from those who hated him, he said.
16. _____ According to David, God's way is perfect.
17. _____ David said God "maketh my way perfect."
18. _____ Reference is made to the God of Jacob.
19. _____ The psalmist said he trusted in chariots and horses.
20. _____ A crown of pure (fine) gold is mentioned in Psalms 21.

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

21. "The _____ is the portion of min inheritance and of my _____."
22. "For thou wilt not leave my _____ in hell; neither wilt thou suffer thine Holy One to see _____."
23. "Keep me as the _____ of the eye, hide me under the _____ of thy wings."
24. The Lord had rewarded David according to his _____ and the _____ of his hands.
25. The psalmist said that God would save the _____ people, but would bring down _____.
26. "The _____ declare the glory of God; and the firmament showeth his _____."
27. "The _____ of the Lord is _____, enduring forever."
28. The psalmist asked that the _____ of his mouth, and the meditation of his _____ be acceptable in the Lord's _____.
29. "Save, Lord; let the king _____ us when we _____."
30. Of the king, the psalmist said, "Thou hast given him his _____ and has not withholden the request of his _____."

QUESTIONS:

31. Upon what grounds could David say, "Preserve me, O God"?
32. What did David say God would show him?
33. The Psalmist said, "I am purposed..." what?
34. When would the psalmist be satisfied?
35. What would happen because God was wroth?
36. David said of his enemies, "I did cast them out as" what?
37. The coming forth of the sun is compared to what two things?
38. Tell what David said the following do: God's Law; Testimony; Statutes; Commandment; Fear.

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #10

by Aude McKee

Psalms 22 - 28

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. Of God, David said, "O thou that _____ the praises of Israel."
2. "But I am a _____, and no man; a _____ of men, and despised of the people."
3. The psalmist said he was poured out like _____, his bones were out of _____ and his heart was like _____.
4. "Have compassed me," was said of _____ and _____.
5. "Deliver my _____ from the sword, my _____ from the power of the dog."
6. David said, "Yea, though I walk through the _____ of the shadow of _____, I will fear no _____, for thou art with _____."
7. "The earth is the _____ and the _____ thereof; the world and they that therein."
8. "Let integrity and _____ preserve me; for I _____ on thee."
9. "Teach me thy way, O Lord; and lead me in a _____ path, because of mine _____."
10. David asked the Lord to give the wicked "according to their _____ and according to the wickedness of their _____."

QUESTIONS:

11. What is the first question in Psalms 22?
12. What was done for the fathers who trusted in God?
13. What did the psalmist say about the meek?
14. Give four requirements for ascending unto the Lord's hill and standing in his holy place.
15. What did the psalmist ask God not to remember?
16. Mention three things in which David speaks of walking?
17. What one thing did the psalmist say he had desired of God?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

18. All they that see me _____ me to scorn.
19. Strong bulls of _____ have beset me round.
20. My tongue cleaveth to my _____.
21. They _____ my hands and my feet.
22. My _____ runneth over.
23. Lift up your _____ O ye gates.
24. For he shall pluck my _____ out of the net.
25. I will wash my hands in _____.
26. Thy face _____ will I seek.
27. When I lift up my hands toward thy holy _____.

YES AND NO:

28. _____ Was David silent in the night season?
29. _____ Does the psalmist compare his strength to a potsherd?
30. _____ Is "the dust of death" mentioned by the psalmist.
31. _____ Is reference made in Psalms to lots being cast for "my vesture"?
32. _____ Does David's statement, "They comfort me," refer to people?
33. _____ Does the name of Jacob appear in Psalms 24?
34. _____ Did the psalmist say his iniquity was great?
35. _____ Did David say, "My right hand is full of bribes"?
36. _____ Does David use the expression, "In the land of the living"?
37. _____ Did David say, "Render to them their desert"?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry # 1 1

by Aude McKee

Psalms 29 - 35

UNDERLINE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

1. The Lord is said to be upon many (waters, hills, clouds).
2. David speaks of joy coming in the (winter, morning, evening).
3. David said he hated those who regarded lying (tongues, people, vanities).
4. David mentions his (money, years, energy) being spent with sighing.
5. The psalmist said, *"I am like a broken (branch, sword, vessel)."*
6. David refers to an instrument of (four, six, ten) strings.
7. A horse is said to be a (sure, remarkable, vain) thing for safety.
8. (Lions, bears, asses) are said to *"lack and suffer hunger."*
9. The psalmist said, *"(evil, fire, wind) shall slay the wicked."*
10. David said, *"Let his (arrow, guard, net) that he hath hid catch himself."*

TRUE / FALSE:

11. _____ God's voice, the psalmist said, *"breaketh the cedars."*
12. _____ The Lord is referred to as sitting as king forever.
13. _____ *"In my adversity I said, I shall never be moved,"* said David.
14. _____ The psalmist said to God, *"bow down thine ear to me."*
15. _____ David said that God refused to know his soul in adversity.
16. _____ David mentions his confessing, and God's forgiving, his sins.
17. _____ According to David, a king is saved by the multitude of his host.
18. _____ The Lord's eyes are upon the wicked and his ears are open to their cry.
19. _____ Both shield and buckler are mentioned in Psalms 35.
20. _____ *"They gnashed upon me with their teeth,"* are David's words.

QUESTIONS:

21. What is said to the powerful and full of majesty?
22. What were the Lord's saints told to do?
23. The psalmist said God had done what for his mourning and sackcloth?
24. David spoke of *"lying lips"* speaking what?
25. What was David's reason for saying, *"For our heart shall rejoice in Him"?*
26. With what did the psalmist say, *"Thou wilt compass me about"?*
27. Whom did David tell to shout for joy?
28. Who, according to David, should stand in awe of God?
29. What is said of those of a broken heart and a contrite spirit?
30. David said, *"my tongue shall speak"* of what?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

31. David says the Lord breaks the _____ of _____, and shakes the _____ of _____.
32. *"The Lord will give _____ unto his people, and will bless them with _____."*
33. David asked, *"What profit is there in my _____, when I go down to the _____? Shall the _____ praise thee? shall it declare thy _____?"*
34. The expression, *"Into thine hand I _____ my spirit,"* is found in Psalms _____.
35. David said, *"I am forgotten as a _____ man out of _____."*
36. *"Blessed is he whose _____ is forgiven, whose _____ is covered."*
37. The psalmist refers to the _____ and the _____ as having no understanding.
38. *"Sing unto him a _____! play _____ with a loud noise,"* said David.
39. *"Let not them that are _____ wrongfully _____ over me."*

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #12

by Aude McKee

Psalms 36 - 41

QUESTIONS:

1. The wicked does what in his own eyes?
2. Give four terms describing those who inherit the earth.
3. Who, according to the psalmist, shall be as the fat of lambs?
4. Who, did the psalmist say, stand aloof from my sore?
5. The psalmist said, "*They that seek my hurt*" do what?
6. What happens to man's beauty when God with rebukes corrects him for iniquity?
7. The psalmist said God brought him up out of what?
8. What did the psalmist say, "*I have not concealed*"?
9. The psalmist referred to what when he said, "*Hast thou not required*"?
10. Who, did David say, "*Hath lifted up his heel against me*"?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. "*The wicked deviseth _____ upon his bed; he setteth himself in a way that is _____.*"
12. David said, "*For with thee is the _____ of life; in thy _____ shall we see light.*"
13. "*The wicked plotteth against the _____, and _____ upon him with his teeth.*"
14. "*For the _____ of the wicked shall be broken,*" said David.
15. The psalmist said he had not seen the _____ forsaken, nor his _____ seed begging bread.
16. David exclaimed, "*Make _____ to help me, O Lord, my _____.*"
17. "*I will keep my mouth with a _____ while the _____ is before me.*"
18. "*While I was _____ the fire burned: then spake I with my _____.*"
19. "*Let such as love thy _____ say continually, _____ be magnified.*"
20. David said, "*Blessed is he that considereth the _____.*"

MATCH:

- | | |
|--|---------------------|
| 21. _____ Reacheth unto the clouds | A. Mine ears |
| 22. _____ Shall enter into their own heart | B. My groaning |
| 23. _____ Stick fast in me | C. Mine enemies |
| 24. _____ They are too heavy for me | D. Mine iniquities |
| 25. _____ Is not hid from thee | E. My heart |
| 26. _____ Was hot within me | F. My hope |
| 27. _____ Is in thee | G. Thine arrows |
| 28. _____ Hast thou opened | H. His heart |
| 29. _____ Speak evil of me | I. Thy faithfulness |
| 30. _____ Gathereth iniquity to itself | J. Their sword |

TRUE / FALSE:

31. _____ The Lord told David to fret himself because of evildoers.
32. _____ David urged the Lord, "*Chasten me in thy hot displeasure.*"
33. _____ David said his enemies would be sorry "*when my foot slippeth.*"
34. _____ David said, "*I will never be sorry for my sin.*"
35. _____ The psalmist said, "*Surely, every man walketh in a vain show.*"
36. _____ David says the Lord "*put a new song*" in his mouth.
37. _____ The psalmist said, "*But I am poor and needy.*"
38. _____ "*From everlasting to everlasting*" refers to God.

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #13

by Aude McKee

Psalms 42 - 47

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. The psalmist said he went to the house of _____ with a multitude with the voice of _____ and _____ that kept _____.
2. "Deep calleth unto _____ at the noise of thy _____."
3. The psalmist pleaded, "O deliver me from the _____ and the _____ man."
4. "Our _____ have told us what work thou didst in _____ days, in the _____ of old."
5. "Thou hast _____ us like sheep appointed for _____; and hast scattered us among the _____."
6. "Yea, for _____ sake are we killed all the _____ long; we are _____ as sheep for the _____."
7. "And in thy _____ ride (on) prosperously, because of _____ and _____."
8. "So shall the king _____ thy beauty; for he is the Lord; and _____ thou him."
9. "God is our _____ and _____, a very present help in _____."
10. "For _____ most high is _____; He is a great _____ over all the earth."

QUESTIONS:

11. To what is the panting of the psalmist's soul after God compared?
12. What two questions did the psalmist twice ask his soul?
13. Unto what did the psalmist ask to be brought by God's truth and light?
14. The psalmist said, "Through thy name will we" do what?
15. Where did the psalmist say "thou hast sore broken us," and with what covered us?
16. While speaking of things touching the king, with what is it said, God hath anointed thee?
17. Kings' daughters were among whom?
18. According to the psalmist, what makes glad the city of God?
19. The psalmist said, "Come behold..." what?
20. Whom does God as a great king subdue?

FILL IN THE CORRECT WORD:

21. _____ That referred to as "My meat day and night."
22. _____ Time when God's song would be with the psalmist.
23. _____ Kind of nation against which God is asked to "plead my cause."
24. _____ Instrument upon which the psalmist said, "Will I praise thee."
25. _____ Those whom the psalmist said, "Thou makest us a reproach."
26. _____ That of the heart which God is said to know.
27. _____ Organ of the body said to be "the pen of a ready writer."
28. _____ One pictured as standing in gold of Ophir.
29. _____ What the earth did when God uttered his voice.
30. _____ He to whom the shields of the earth belong.

TRUE / FALSE:

31. _____ The psalmist said twice in Psalms 42, "For I shall yet praise him."
32. _____ The Psalmist refers to going unto the altar of God.
33. _____ Israel took possession of Canaan by their own sword.
34. _____ God increased his wealth by the price of his people.
35. _____ The words, "Awake, why sleepest thou?" are addressed to God.
36. _____ The term, "ivory places," is used in Psalms in this lesson.

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #14

by Aude McKee

Psalms 48 - 52

QUESTIONS:

1. Where is the Lord greatly to be praised?
2. Why were Zion's bulwarks to be marked well and her palaces considered?
3. Upon whom does the psalmist call to, "hear this," and "give ear"?
4. From what did the psalmist say "God will redeem my soul"?
5. Whom did God say the wicked would speak against and slander?
6. David asked God to have mercy upon him and blot out his transgression according to what?
7. David pled with God, "Restore unto me" what?
8. What sacrifices will God not despise?
9. A tongue that deviseth wickedness is compared to what?
10. In contrast to the wicked the psalmist said, "But I am like" what?

YES AND NO:

11. _____ Are "Mount Zion" and "the city of the great king" the same?
12. _____ Is God's temple referred to in Psalms 48?
13. _____ Can one who trusts in his wealth redeem his brother?
14. _____ Will a man's glory descend after him to the grave?
15. _____ Does the psalmist twice compare man to the beasts that perish?
16. _____ Is Zion said to be "the perfection of beauty"?
17. _____ Did God say to the people, "If I were hungry I would tell thee"?
18. _____ Are the words, "And pay thy vows unto the Most High", in Psalms 50?
19. _____ Did David ask God to hide his face "from my sins"?
20. _____ Is it said that the righteous "shall laugh at him"?

UNDERLINE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

21. Mount (Zion, Hebron, Olives) is the joy of the whole earth.
22. Ships of Tarshish were broken by the (east, west, south) wind.
23. (Towers, houses, officers) of Zion were to be told.
24. They call their (land, cattle, children) after their own names.
25. God said he would take no (sheep, silver, bullock) out of their house.
26. The Lord asked, "Will I eat flesh of (birds, bulls, fish)"?
27. God said the wicked consented with a (thief, scribe, seer).
28. David said his (sorrow, sin, silver) was ever before him.
29. David asked to be purged with (water, soap, hyssop).
30. The word "Selah" is used (once, twice, three times) in Psalms 52.

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

31. _____ took hold of the _____, and _____ as of a woman in travail.
32. The psalmist said that God's _____ was unto the ends of the earth, and that His right hand was full of _____.
33. David said he would incline his ear to a _____ and open his dark saying upon the _____.
34. God has spoken and _____ the earth from the _____ of the sun to the _____ thereof.
35. God said, "Every _____ of the forest is mine, and the _____ on a thousand hills."
36. David said, "Behold I was shapen in _____; and in _____ did my mother conceive me."
37. "Create in me a _____ O God; and renew a _____ within me."
38. "Do good in thy good pleasure unto _____; build thou the walls of _____."
39. To the wicked man the psalmist said, "Thou lovest _____ more than good, and lying rather than to speak _____."

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #15

by Aude McKee

Psalms 53 - 58

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. _____ Have the workers of iniquity no
2. _____ My is sore pained within me.
3. _____ His words were softer than
4. _____ All their are against me for evil.
5. _____ Put thou my tears into thy
6. _____ For thou hast delivered my soul from
7. _____ My soul is among
8. _____ They have prepared a for my steps.
9. _____ Let thy be above all the earth.
10. _____ Their poison is like the poison of a

TRUE / FALSE:

11. _____ *"There is none that doeth good"* occurs twice in Psalms 53.
12. _____ The psalmist refers to some who sought after his soul.
13. _____ The psalmist said, *"The Lord is with them that destroy my soul."*
14. _____ The psalmist asked God to divide their tongues.
15. _____ The psalmist was reproached by one with whom he had taken sweet counsel.
16. _____ The psalmist told God, *"Thy vows are upon me."*
17. _____ The Term, *"swallow me up"*, is used more than twice in these chapters.
18. _____ Twice the psalmist said, *"My heart is fixed."*
19. _____ *"I will sing (praises) unto thee among the nations,"* said the psalmist.
20. _____ The wicked are compared to the deaf adder.

QUESTIONS:

21. Why did God look down from heaven upon the children of men?
22. When shall Jacob and Israel be glad?
23. What did the psalmist say his eye had seen?
24. What did the psalmist say he would do if he had wings like a dove?
25. The psalmist said he saw what in the city?
26. Who, according to the psalmist, *"shall not live out half their days"*?
27. When did the psalmist say his enemies would turn back?
28. Where would the psalmist take refuge *"until these calamities be overpast"*?
29. What happened to those who have *"dugged a pit before me"*?
30. When shall the righteous rejoice and in what shall he wash his feet?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

31. The _____ hath said in his heart there is no God.
32. *"Every one of them is gone _____; they are _____ become filthy; there is _____ that doeth good, no _____."*
33. *"Hear my _____ O God,"* said the psalmist, *"give ear to the _____ of my _____."*
34. *"_____ and _____ are come upon me, and hath overwhelmed me."*
35. *"It is not an _____ that reproached me..., but ... a man mine _____, my _____, and _____."*
36. *"Cast they burden upon _____ and he shall _____ thee."*
37. The psalmist said he would cry unto *"God that _____ all things for me."*
38. *"The wicked are estranged from the _____; they go astray as soon as they are _____, speaking lies."*
39. It is said, *"Before your _____ can feel the thorns, he shall take them away with a _____."*

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #16

by Aude McKee

Psalms 59 - 65

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. "For the sin of their _____ and the words of their _____ let them even be taken in their pride; and for the _____ and _____ which they speak."
2. The psalmist said, "Thou hast made us to drink the _____ of _____."
3. "Through God we shall do _____; for he it is that shall tread down our _____."
4. "Lead me to the _____ that is higher than _____."
5. Of some people it is said, "They bless with their _____; but they _____ inwardly."
6. "My soul _____ for thee, my flesh _____ for thee in a dry and _____ land where no _____ is."
7. "My soul shall be satisfied as with _____ and _____."
8. Arrows shot of the workers of iniquity are referred to as even _____.
9. To God it is said, "Thou makest the outgoings of the _____ and _____ to rejoice."
10. "Thou crownest the year with thy _____; and thy paths drop _____."

MATCH:

- | | | |
|-----------|------------------------------|---------------|
| 11. _____ | Swords are their | A. Fence |
| 12. _____ | I will divide | B. Iniquities |
| 13. _____ | My lawgiver | C. Pastures |
| 14. _____ | Is my washpot | D. Zion |
| 15. _____ | Like a tottering | E. Foxes |
| 16. _____ | Power belongeth to | F. Shechem |
| 17. _____ | A portion for | G. Judah |
| 18. _____ | They search out | H. Moab |
| 19. _____ | Praise waiteth for thee...in | I. God |
| 20. _____ | Are clothed with flocks | J. Lips |

YES AND NO:

21. ___ Did the psalmist ask God to be merciful to wicked transgressors?
22. ___ Did the psalmist say to God, "Thou hast cast us off?"
23. ___ Are both Gilead and Edom mentioned in Psalms 60?
24. ___ Did the psalmist say God had heard his vows?
25. ___ Did the psalmist speak of daily performing his vows?
26. ___ Are men of high degree a lie, according to the psalmist?
27. ___ Did the psalmist meditate upon God in the night watches?
28. ___ Did the psalmist believe that the mouth of those who speak lies would be stopped?
29. ___ Is God referred to as shooting an arrow?
30. ___ Do the words, "They shout for joy, they also sing," describe people?

QUESTIONS:

31. From whom did the psalmist ask God to deliver him?
32. The psalmist said, "Let them know that God ruleth" where?
33. Why was a banner given to them that fear God?
34. What did the psalmist say is better than life?
35. What did the psalmist say about God's tabernacle?
36. What admonition was given if riches increase?
37. Why and where did the psalmist say, "will I rejoice"?
38. The psalmist said those who sought his soul to destroy it, would go where?
39. The psalmist said, "We shall be satisfied" with what?
40. Who are said to be "afraid at thy tokens"?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry # 17

by Aude McKee

Psalms 66 - 70

UNDERLINE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

1. *“Let not the (rulers, rebellious, righteous) exalt themselves.”*
2. It is said, *“And cause his (face, lamp, sun) to shine upon us.”*
3. *“(Sinai, Nebo, Gilboa) was moved at God.s presence.”*
4. The psalmist speaks of little (Benjamin, Zebulun, Naphtali).
5. *“Princes shall come out of (Edom, Moab, Egypt).”*
6. *“The (waters, fires, winds) are com in unto my soul.”*
7. The psalmist said, *“My (tongue, throat, path) is dried.”*
8. The psalmist pled, *“Let not the (pit, beast, storm) shut her mouth upon me.”*
9. The psalmist looked for comforters and said he found (some, none, many).
10. *“Let their (house, table, field) become a snare”* the psalmist said.

TRUE / FALSE:

11. _____ God turned the sea into dry land.
12. _____ The psalmist says that God tried us as silver is tried.
13. _____ God was extolled with the psalmist’s tongue.
14. _____ The psalmist said, *“I will pay thee my vows.”*
15. _____ God is referred to as marching through the wilderness.
16. _____ The term *“fountain of Israel”* is used in Psalms 68.
17. _____ The psalmist told Jehovah, *“My sins are hid from thee.”*
18. _____ The psalmist says he was the song of the drunkards.
19. _____ God is asked to add iniquity to their iniquity.
20. _____ The psalmist commended those who said, *“Aha, aha.”*

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

21. *“We went through _____ and through _____; but thou broughtest us out into a place.”*
22. The psalmist said, *“If I regard _____ in my _____ the Lord will not hear me.”*
23. _____ times in Psalms 67 it is said, *“Let (all) the people praise thee.”*
24. *“Kings of _____ (did) flee... and she that _____ at home _____ the spoil.”*
25. *“_____ shall soon (haste to) stretch out her _____ unto God.”*
26. *“They that hate me without a _____ are more than the hairs of my head.”*
27. *“They gave me also _____ for my meat; and in my thirst they gave me _____ to drink.”*
28. *“Let their _____ be desolate; (and) let none dwell in their _____.”*
29. *“Let them be blotted out of they _____ of (the) living, and not be _____ with the righteous.”*
30. *“Let (the) _____ and _____ praise him, the _____ and everything that moveth therein.”*

QUESTIONS:

31. What did the psalmist say all the earth shall do?
32. What does the psalmist say he would offer unto God?
33. Who did the psalmist say would fear God?
34. The psalmist asked that the wicked perish as what?
35. *“God in His holy habitation”* is said to be what?
36. Why would kings bring presents unto God?
37. What did the psalmist say *“hath eaten me up?”*
38. What will please God better than an ox or bullock with horns and hoofs?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #18

by Aude McKee

Psalms 71 - 75

FILL IN THE CORRECT WORD:

- _____ That which the psalmist said was given to "save me."
- _____ That with which the psalmist said, "I will also praise thee."
- _____ Those things which "shall bring peace to the people."
- _____ That which the kings of Sheba and Seba would offer.
- _____ That which fruit would shake like.
- _____ That which covers the wicked as a garment.
- _____ Mount wherein God has dwelt.
- _____ That which the Lord's enemies have set up for signs.
- _____ That unto which the psalmist said have respect.
- _____ The kind of neck with which one should not speak.

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

- The psalmist said, "By thee have I been _____ from the womb."
- "Let them be covered with _____ and _____ that seek my hurt" said the psalmist.
- "Give the _____ thy judgments, O God, and thy righteousness unto the _____."
- "He will come down like rain upon the _____, as showers that _____ the earth."
- Of the wicked it is said, "And their _____ walketh through the earth."
- "My _____ and my _____ faileth."
- "Why doth thine anger _____ against the sheep of thy _____."
- "The _____ is thine, the _____ also is thine: thou has prepared the _____ and the _____."
- God is the judge who _____ down one and _____ up another.
- "All the horns of the wicked will I _____; but the horns of the righteous shall be _____."

YES AND NO:

- _____ Did the psalmist say, "I am as a wonder unto many?"
- _____ Does the term "is very high" refer to God's righteousness?
- _____ Does the psalmist speak of some who shall "lick the dust?"
- _____ Is reference made to kings of Tarshish?
- _____ Did the psalmist say, "My feet were completely gone"?
- _____ Did the psalmist speak of having been "chastened every morning."
- _____ Had some said, "There is no more any prophet"?
- _____ Did the psalmist say that God had "set all the borders of the earth"?
- _____ Did the psalmist mention "the soul of thy turtle-dove"?
- _____ Did the psalmist say he would "sing praises to the God of Jacob"?

QUESTIONS:

- When did the psalmist ask God to "Cast me not off" and "forsake me not"?
- What had God done for the psalmist from his youth?
- Of what did the psalmist say, "My tongue also shall speak..."?
- What would be the dominion of the righteous and prosperous king referred to by the psalmist?
- At whom and when was the psalmist envious?
- What had the Lord's enemies "burned up"?
- What did the psalmist say God had divided? Broke? Burned up?
- What will become of the contents of the cup in the Lord's hand?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #19

by Aude McKee

Psalms 76 - 79

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. "In _____ is God known: His name is great in _____."
2. "I called to remembrance my _____ in the night: I commune with _____: and my spirit _____ search."
3. "Thou hast with thine _____ redeemed thy people, the sons of _____ and _____."
4. "God established a _____ in Jacob and appointed a _____ in Israel."
5. The Israelites _____ God with their mouth and _____ unto Him with their tongues.
6. Of Israel it is said, "He remembered that they were but _____; a _____ that passeth away."
7. Of God it is stated, "So that he forsook the _____ of Shiloh, the tent which he placed among men."
8. God refused the _____ of Joseph, and chose not the tribe of _____ but chose the tribe of _____, the mount _____ which he loved.
9. _____ guided Israel with the _____ of his hands.
10. The psalmist said of the _____, "For they have _____ Jacob, and laid waste his _____."

TRUE / FALSE:

11. _____ The psalmist said, "The wrath of man shall praise thee."
12. _____ God led Israel by a light of fire in day-time.
13. _____ Reference is made to Israel's grieving God in the desert.
14. _____ The psalmist say that God smote all the firstborn in Egypt.
15. _____ The sea overwhelmed the Israelites, the psalmist says.
16. _____ The psalmist said that God greatly abhorred Israel.
17. _____ When priests fell by the sword their widows lamented greatly.
18. _____ "We are become a reproach to our neighbors," said the psalmist.
19. _____ God is requested to "remember former iniquities against us."
20. _____ God is asked to ignore the sighing of the prisoner.

MATCH:

- | | |
|--|-----------------|
| 21. _____ They have slept their sleep | A. Saints |
| 22. _____ He will cut off their spirit | B. David |
| 23. _____ Poured out water | C. Frogs |
| 24. _____ Streams were brought out of it | D. Rock |
| 25. _____ Which destroyed them | E. Princes |
| 26. _____ Destroyed sycamore trees | F. Stouthearted |
| 27. _____ Consumed their young men | G. Clouds |
| 28. _____ Took him from the sheepfolds | H. Frost |
| 29. _____ Laid on heaps | I. Fire |
| 30. _____ Flesh given to the beasts | J. Jerusalem |

QUESTIONS:

31. What is said to be in Salem? In Zion?
32. At God's rebuke what happened to both chariot and horse?
33. The psalmist asked if God in anger had done what?
34. What was done by the hand of Moses and Aaron?
35. Who turned back in the day of battle?
36. Mention two things said to be rained upon Israel in the wilderness.
37. What was given unto the caterpillar?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #20

by Aude McKee

Psalms 80 - 84

UNDERLINE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

1. God led Joseph like a (flock, horse, child).
2. God gave his people (wine, tears, milk) to drink.
3. God brought a vine out of (Syria, Egypt, Moab).
4. God is asked to visit this (man, city, vine).
5. They (flourish, run, perish) at the rebuke of thy countenance.
6. I proved thee at the (trees, waters, hills) of Meribah.
7. God judgeth among the (gods, men, rulers).
8. The psalmist said make them as (leaves, clouds, stubble) before the wind.
9. Sisera and Jabin perished at (Ai, Jericho, Endor).
10. It is said the (sparrow, raven, dove) found a house.

YES AND NO:

11. _____ Is God referred to as the Shepherd of Israel?
12. _____ Did Israel's enemies laugh among themselves?
13. _____ Is God asked three times in Psalms 80 to "*Cause thy face to shine*"?
14. _____ Does the psalmist refer to the pleasant harp?
15. _____ Is Israel warned against worshipping any strange gods?
16. _____ Is "*honey out of the rock*" mentioned by the psalmist?
17. _____ Will God inherit all nations, according to the psalmist?
18. _____ Are, "*Keep thou silence, O God,*" the psalmist's words?
19. _____ Are both Ishmaelites and Hagarenes mentioned among Israel's enemies?
20. _____ Are the children of Lot mentioned by the psalmist?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

21. God said he brought Israel out of _____ and adds, "*Open thy _____ wide, and I will _____ it.*"
22. "*Before _____ and _____ and _____, stir up thy might, and come and _____ us.*"
23. "*How long will ye judge _____ and _____ the persons of the wicked?*"
24. "*Defend the _____ and fatherless: do justice to the _____ and _____.*"
25. "*I (have) said, Ye are _____; ...but ye shall die like _____ and fall like one of the _____.*"
26. The vine the Lord planted sent out its _____ unto the sea, and its branches into the _____.
27. God's _____ said, "*Come and let us _____ them off from being a that the name of _____ may be no more remembrance.*"
28. The psalmist asked that the nobles and princes of the Lord's enemies be made like _____, _____, _____, and _____.
29. "*My soul _____, yet even _____ for the courts of the Lord.*"
30. "*For a day in thy _____ is better than a _____.*"

QUESTIONS:

31. God is asked, "*How long wilt thou be angry against*" what?
32. What was the extent of the shadow of the vine God planted?
33. The psalmist said, "*Let thy hand be upon*" whom?
34. Where did the Lord say, "*I answered thee*"?
35. If Israel had harkened to God, what would he have done to their enemies?
36. According to the psalmist, "*God standeth*" where?
37. From whom will no good thing be withheld?
38. The psalmist preferred being what to that of dwelling in the tents of wickedness?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #2 1

by Aude McKee

Psalms 86 - 89

QUESTIONS:

1. What is God said to have brought back?
2. From what did the psalmist say to God *"thou hast turned thyself"*?
3. What shall all nations that God has made do?
4. Who did the psalmist say had sought after his soul?
5. Why did the psalmist ask God to show him a token for good?
6. God loves the gates of Zion more than what?
7. Where did the psalmist say *"thou hast laid me"*?
8. What would be done if David's children forsook God's law and kept not his commandments?
9. What is said *"thou hast"* done to his (David's) crown? His hedges?
10. Give the words of the last verse of Psalms 89?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. *"Thou hast forgiven the _____ of thy people, thou hast _____ all their sin."*
12. *"_____ and _____ are met together; _____ and _____ have kissed each other."*
13. *"Teach me thy way, O _____; I will walk in thy _____; unite my to fear thy name."*
14. The psalmist said, *"Give thy _____ unto thy servant, and save the son of thine _____."*
15. *"I will mention _____ and _____ to them that know me."*
16. *"Shall thy wonders be known in the _____? and thy righteousness in the land of _____."*
17. *"_____ and _____ hast thou put far from me, and mine _____ into darkness."*
18. Of God it is said, *"Thou rulest the _____ of the sea: when the _____ thereof arise, thou stillest them."*
19. _____ and _____ are said to rejoice in God's name.
20. Of _____ it is said, *"His seed shall _____ forever, and his _____ as the sun before me."*

TRUE / FALSE:

21. _____ The psalmist asked God to *"grant us thy salvation."*
22. _____ Truth is spoken of as springing out of the earth.
23. _____ The psalmist said, *"For I am poor and needy."*
24. _____ God refused to answer the psalmist in his day of trouble.
25. _____ There were other gods equal to Jehovah, the psalmist said.
26. _____ The proud had risen against the psalmist, he said.
27. _____ Both Tyre and Ethiopia are named in Psalms 87.
28. _____ *"Thy wrath lieth hard upon me,"* are the words of the psalmist.
29. _____ The psalmist said he called daily upon God.
30. _____ *"Some men shall live and not see death,"* said the psalmist.

PROVIDE THE MISSING WORD:

31. _____ *"Wilt thou be with us forever?"*
32. _____ *"Surely his is nigh them that fear him."*
33. _____ *"For thou art Great, and doest things."*
34. _____ *"For the Lord, art good, and ready to"*
35. _____ *"..... things are spoken of thee, O city of God."*
36. _____ *"My soul is full of"*
37. _____ *"Wilt thou show wonders in the"*
38. _____ *"Thou hast covered him with"*

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #22

by Aude McKee

Psalms 90 - 95

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. "Before the _____ were brought forth or the _____ and _____ were formed, even from _____ to _____ thou art God."
2. "The days of our years are ____ years and ____; and if by reason of strength they be _____ years, yet is their _____ labor and _____."
3. "Thou shalt tread upon the _____ and _____ the young _____ and the _____ shalt thou trample under foot."
4. "A _____ man knoweth not; neither doeth a _____ understand this."
5. "The righteous shall flourish like the _____; he shall grow like a _____ in _____."
6. "Thy _____ is established of old: thou art from _____."
7. The psalmist asked: "He that _____ the ear, shall not be _____?"
8. "Let us make a _____ noise to the _____ of our salvation."
9. "For he is our _____, and we are the people of his _____."
10. "_____ years long was I grieved with _____ generation."

YES AND NO:

11. _____ Is the expression, "And we fly away," found in Psalms?
12. _____ Is God asked to establish the work of "our hands upon us"?
13. _____ Should one who trusts in God be afraid for the arrow that flieth by day?
14. _____ Does the psalmist speak of the wicked being destroyed forever?
15. _____ Are floods referred to as lifting up their voice?
16. _____ Does vengeance belong to God according to the psalmist?
17. _____ Does the psalmist say "until the pit be digged for the righteous"?
18. _____ Does God condemn the innocent blood, according to the psalmist?
19. _____ Does the expression, "And he made it," refer to the sea?
20. _____ Is the expression, "Harden not your heart," found in Psalms?

QUESTIONS:

21. A thousand years are as what in God's sight?
22. What reason was given for saying, "So teach us to number our days"?
23. Where shall "he that dwelleth in the secret place of the Most High" abide?
24. What reason was given for saying, "I will set him on high"?
25. Where are those who "flourish in the courts of our God" planted?
26. With what is God said to be clothed?
27. God was asked to do what to the proud?
28. Who are those who "boast themselves"? They do what to God's people?
29. God knows what about the thoughts of man?
30. What did God say, "I swear in my wrath"?

UNDERLINE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

31. It is said, "Thou carriest them away as with a (flood, storm, beast)."
32. God's (truth, power, knowledge) is as a shield and buckler.
33. "A (dozen, hundred, thousand) shall fall at thy side."
34. God's (words, acts, thoughts) are said to be "very deep."
35. The psalmist speaks of being anointed with fresh (dew, oil, wine).
36. "(Holiness, formality, pride) becometh thine house."
37. "When I said, my (foot, tongue, hand) slippeth."
38. "Thy comforts," said the psalmist, "delight my (child, soul, thoughts)."
39. God is referred to as "the (rock, mountain, strength) of my refuge."
40. God is said to be a King above all (kings, gods, princes).

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #23

by Aude McKee

Psalms 96 - 101

TRUE / FALSE:

1. _____ The Lord is to be feared above all gods.
2. _____ The psalmist said glory is due all gods.
3. _____ *"Blessed be those who serve graven images,"* said the psalmist.
4. _____ *"Worship him all ye gods,"* are the psalmist words.
5. _____ Those who love the Lord are told to hate evil.
6. _____ Reference is made to God's right hand and holy arm.
7. _____ The psalmist mentions harps, trumpets and the cornet.
8. _____ David speaks of walking in his house with a perfect heart.
9. _____ The expression, *"a perfect way."* occurs twice in Psalms 101.
10. _____ David promised to destroy all the wicked of the land.

STATE BRIEFLY WHAT IS SAID OF THE FOLLOWING:

11. Kind of song to be sung to God. _____
12. *"All the gods of the nations."* _____
13. Zion _____
14. Clouds and darkness _____
15. The floods _____
16. The cherubim _____
17. His footstool _____
18. Samuel _____
19. A froward heart _____
20. He that worketh deceit _____

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

21. It is said of God, " and are before him; strength and are in his sanctuary."
22. The psalmist said, "Bring and come into his ."
23. "A goeth before him and burneth up his round about."
24. " is sown for the righteous, and for the upright in heart."
25. The psalmist says, "All the ends of the have seen the of God."
26. "Thou executest and in Jacob," said the psalmist.
27. and are mentioned as among God's priests.
28. "Serve the Lord with : come before his presence with ."
29. Said the psalmist, "We are his and the of his pasture."
30. David said, "I will behave myself in a way."

QUESTIONS:

31. What did the psalmist say do concerning *"his salvation"*?
32. How does the psalmist say God will judge?
33. The psalmist said let the heavens do what? The earth? The sea? The fields?
34. What did the hills do at God's presence?
35. God does what for his saints?
36. Those to whom God spoke in a pillar of cloud kept what?
37. How did the psalmist say enter into *"his gates"* and *"his courts"*?
38. What did David say, *"I hate"*?
39. Whom did the psalmist say *"Will I not suffer"*?
40. David said that *"mine eyes shall be upon"* whom?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #24

by Aude McKee

Psalms 102 - 105

QUESTIONS:

1. The psalmist compares himself to what three birds?
2. The psalmist says "my days" are like what two things?
3. For whom did the psalmist say "this shall be written"?
4. The Lord does what "for all that are oppressed"?
5. God pitieth them that fear him like as what?
6. God is said to be clothed and covered with what?
7. Young lions do what?
8. Who are referred to as "his chosen (ones)"?
9. What does the psalmist say the king made Joseph?
10. As God dealt with Egypt, what does the psalmist say "he smote"?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. "For I have eaten _____ like bread, and mingled my _____ with weeping," said the psalmist.
12. "O my _____, take me not away in the _____ of my _____; thy years are _____ all _____" exclaimed the psalmist.
13. God "made known his ways unto _____, his _____ unto the children of _____."
14. "The Lord hath _____ his throne in the _____; and his _____ ruleth over all."
15. God causes the grass to grow for the _____, and herb for the _____ of _____.
16. "Let the _____ be consumed out of the earth, and let the _____ be no more."
17. God promised _____ the land of Canaan when they were _____ men in number.
18. "_____ was sold for a servant, his feet were hurt with _____ and he was laid in _____."
19. It is said, "Israel came into _____; and Jacob sojourned in the land of _____."
20. When Israel left Egypt, God "spread a _____ for a covering; and _____ to give light in the night."

YES AND NO:

21. _____ Are we told that God looked down from the height of his sanctuary?
22. _____ Will God always chide, according to the psalmist.
23. _____ Has God rewarded us according to our iniquities?
24. _____ Are man's days said to be as grass?
25. _____ Is the term, "Bless the Lord" used six times in Psalms 103?
26. _____ Is God referred to as walking upon the wings of the wind?
27. _____ Do all the beasts of the forest creep forth at night?
28. _____ Does the psalmist refer to God's oath unto Isaac?
29. _____ Were the Egyptians glad when the Israelites departed?
30. _____ Did God satisfy the people with bread from heaven?

FILL IN THE CORRECT WORD:

31. _____ That which the psalmist said he forgot to eat.
32. _____ Those whose prayer is not despised.
33. _____ Place in which the Lord's name is declared.
34. _____ That which God makes his chariot.
35. _____ That which maketh glad man's heart.
36. _____ Animals which take refuge in rocks.
37. _____ That for which the moon was appointed.
38. _____ Man with whom God made a covenant.
39. _____ Land promised to Israel.
40. _____ Birds God brought for good at the people's request.

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #25

by Aude McKee

Psalms 106 - 109

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. "We have sinned with our _____, we have committed _____, we have done _____."
2. The Jews "lusted exceedingly in the _____, and tempted God in the _____."
3. Of the Israelites it is said, "They joined themselves also unto _____, and ate the of the dead."
4. Fools are afflicted because of their _____ and _____.
5. "They _____ to and fro, and stagger like a _____ man, and are at their _____ end."
6. The psalmist speaks of the Lord turning watersprings into _____ and _____ into watersprings.
7. "I will divide _____ and mete out the valley of _____", it is said.
8. David asked God for help saying, "For _____ is the help of man."
9. "Let his days be _____; and let another take his _____. Let his children be _____, and his wife a _____."
10. "I am gone," said David, "like the _____ when it declineth: I am tossed up and down as the _____."

QUESTIONS:

11. The psalmist said, "Blessed are they that" do what?
12. How completely did the waters of the Red Sea cover the enemies of Israel?
13. What happened to Dathan and the company of Abiram?
14. What caused Moses to speak unadvisedly with his lips?
15. God made Israel to be pitied of whom?
16. God does what for the "longing" and "hungry" soul?
17. The psalmist exclaims several times, "Oh that men would praise the Lord for," what?
18. What is said about Gilead? Ephraim? Judah?
19. Of his adversaries, what did David say "they have rewarded me"?
20. With what did David say "let mine adversaries be clothed," and "cover themselves"?

PROVIDE THE MISSING WORD:

21. _____ "O visit me with thy"
22. _____ "Our fathers understood not thy in Egypt."
23. _____ "They made a calf in"
24. _____ "Then stood up and executed judgment."
25. _____ "Hungry and thirsty their fainted in them."
26. _____ "And all shall stop her mouth."
27. _____ "Awake and harp."
28. _____ "And thy truth reacheth unto the"
29. _____ "For my they are my adversaries."
30. _____ "My knees are weak through"

TRUE / FALSE:

31. _____ There was a time when the Jews envied Moses.
32. _____ Aaron is referred to as "the saint of the Lord."
33. _____ The psalmist said Israel never worshipped a molten image.
34. _____ God did wondrous works in the "land of Ham" we are told.
35. _____ The Lord's wrath was kindled against his people.
36. _____ The psalmist uses the term "the shadow of death" more than once.
37. _____ We are told that God has broken the gates of brass.
38. _____ According to the psalmist, God "poureth contempt upon princes."
39. _____ Moab is spoken of as "my washpot."
40. _____ David said, "For I am poor and needy."

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #26

by Aude McKee

Psalms 110 - 114

YES OR NO:

1. _____ Is reference made to the womb of the morning?
2. _____ Does the psalmist say the Lord repents?
3. _____ Did the Lord send redemption to his people?
4. _____ Is a great man's name said to be reverend and holy?
5. _____ Has God commanded his covenant forever?
6. _____ Shall the seed of the righteous be weak upon the earth?
7. _____ Shall the desire of the wicked perish?
8. _____ Were the Egyptians a people with a strange language?
9. _____ Did the psalmist say that Egypt became the Lord's sanctuary?
10. _____ Does the psalmist use the term, "*the God of Jacob*"?

WRITE IN THE CORRECT WORD:

11. _____ Those through whom God will strike in the day of his wrath.
12. _____ That of which the Lord will ever be mindful.
13. _____ Things of God said to be sure.
14. _____ That of which the fear of the Lord is the beginning.
15. _____ Kind of person whose generation shall be blessed.
16. _____ That of the righteous said to be fixed.
17. _____ That with which the horn of the righteous shall be exalted.
18. _____ Those with whom God will set the needy.
19. _____ That which the psalmist said "*was driven back*."
20. _____ That like which the mountains skipped.

QUESTIONS:

21. David said, "*The Lord said unto my Lord, Sit thou at my right hand until*" what?
22. What is said of the Lord's priesthood?
23. What did the psalmist say he would do with his whole heart?
24. Unto whom does God give meat?
25. Who are said to have a good understanding?
26. Mention two things the psalmist says "*endured forever*."
27. The psalmist said, "*Blessed is the man that*" does what?
28. Unto the upright there ariseth what?
29. God makes the barren woman to do what?
30. The sea was asked what question?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

31. God will send forth "*the _____ of thy strength out of _____: rule thou in the _____ of thine _____.*"
32. "*He will judge among the _____, he will fill places with _____.*"
33. God "*hath made his _____ to be remembered.*"
34. "*_____ and _____ is his name.*"
35. "*_____ and _____ shall be in the house of the upright.*"
36. "*The righteous shall be in everlasting _____.* He shall not be afraid of _____."
37. "*The wicked shall see it, and be _____; he shall _____ with his teeth, and _____ away.*"
38. The psalmist said the _____ was to be praised from the rising unto the going down of the sun.
39. "*He raiseth the poor out of the _____, and lifteth the needy out of the _____.*"
40. God is said to have "*turned the rock into a _____, and the flint into a _____ of _____.*"

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #27

by Aude McKee

Psalms 115 - 118

QUESTIONS:

1. Glory should be given the Lord's name for the sake of what?
2. What of their idol's mouths? Eyes? Ears? Noses? Hands? Feet?
3. To whom has the Lord given the earth?
4. What was the psalmist's reasons for loving the Lord?
5. Where did the psalmist say he would walk before the Lord?
6. What is said to be precious in the Lord's sight?
7. What is said to be better than putting confidence in men or princes?
8. What, according to the psalmist, is in the tabernacle of the righteous?
9. What did the psalmist say "open to me"?
10. What is said of the stone the builders refused?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. "But our God is in the _____: he hath done whatsoever he _____."
12. "Their idols are _____ and _____, the work of _____ hands."
13. "O house of _____, trust in the Lord: he is their help and their _____."
14. "The dead praise not _____, neither any that go down into _____."
15. "For thou hast delivered my soul from _____, mine eyes from _____ and my feet from _____."
16. The psalmist said, "I will offer to thee the _____ of _____."
17. "Thou _____ sore at me, that I might fall: but _____ helped me."
18. "I shall not _____, but _____, and declare the works of _____."
19. "This is the _____ which the Lord hath made; we will _____ and be glad in it."
20. "O give thanks unto _____; for he is _____; for his _____ endureth forever."

TRUE / FALSE:

21. _____ The psalmist asked that glory be given "unto us."
22. _____ Idol makers are like the idols they make.
23. _____ The psalmist said the Lord would bless "the house of Aaron."
24. _____ The psalmist speaks of the "cup of salvation."
25. _____ The psalmist refers to himself as "the son of thine handmaid."
26. _____ It is said in Psalms 117 that the Lord's truth endureth forever.
27. _____ The term "fire of thorns" is used by the psalmist.
28. _____ Reference is made to the Lord's left hand.
29. _____ The psalmist speaks of the horns of the altar.
30. _____ Of God, the psalmist said, "I will exalt thee."

PROVIDE THE CORRECT WORD:

31. _____ They speak not through their throat.
32. _____ Our God is said to be in these.
33. _____ He is "their help and their shield."
34. _____ Those whom the Lord preserveth.
35. _____ These would be paid in the presence of all his people.
36. _____ Number of verses in Psalms 117.
37. _____ Size of place where the psalmist said the Lord "set me."
38. _____ The nations compassed the psalmist like these insects.
39. _____ A word describing how the Lord chastened the psalmist.
40. _____ Through chastened the writer was "not given over unto" this.

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #28

by Aude McKee

Psalm 119

UNDERLINE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

1. The psalmist said, "My soul cleaveth unto the (dust, stars, world)."
2. "My soul (melteth, hardeneth, swelleth) for heaviness."
3. "The (proud, good, poor) have forged a lie against me."
4. It is said, "Their heart is as fat as (mud, tar, grease)."
5. "I have refrained my (tongue, hands, feet) from every evil way."
6. "Thy word is a (lamp, shoe, brace) unto my feet."
7. "Make thy face to (look, shine, frown) upon thy servant."
8. "They (word, work, world) is very pure."
9. "Salvation is far from the (wicked, simple, righteous)."
10. "(Princes, priests, elders) have persecuted me without a cause."

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. "Blessed are they that keep his _____ and that seek him with the whole _____."
12. "Open thou mine eyes, that I may _____ wondrous _____ out of thy law."
13. "I will run the way of thy _____, when thou shalt _____ my heart."
14. "Thy _____ have been my songs in the house of my _____."
15. "I thought on my _____, and turned my feet unto thy _____."
16. "I am a _____ of all them that fear thee, and of them that _____ thy prophets."
17. "Unless thy law had been my _____, I should have then _____ in mine affliction."
18. "I have more understanding than all my _____; for thy _____ are my meditation."
19. "The _____ of thy words giveth light; it giveth _____ unto the simple."
20. "I have gone astray like a lost _____; seek thy _____; for I do not forget thy ."

QUESTIONS:

21. What did the psalmist say, "Thou has commanded us"?
22. The words, "By taking heed thereto according to thy word" answer what question?
23. Why had the psalmist hid God's word in his heart?
24. The psalmist said, "My soul breaketh for," what?
25. The psalmist said, "Give me understanding, and I shall" do what?
26. Why had horror taken hold upon the psalmist?
27. Why did the psalmist rise at midnight?
28. The psalmist said, "The law of thy mouth is better unto me than," what?
29. Whom does the psalmist say God putteth away like dross?
30. Why did the psalmist praise God seven times a day?

TRUE / FALSE:

31. _____ God's testimonies are referred to as "my counsellors."
32. _____ Incline my heart unto covetousness.
33. _____ The psalmist said, "For I trust in thy word."
34. _____ The expression, "Thy word hath quickened me" appears in Psalms 119.
35. _____ The psalmist said, "After I was afflicted I went astray."
36. _____ It is said, "The faithful have digged pits for me after thy law."
37. _____ God's commandment is said to be "exceeding broad."
38. _____ Be surety for thy servant for gold.
39. _____ The psalmist said, more than once, "I hate every false way."
40. _____ Psalms 119 is the longest chapter in the Bible.

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #29

by Aude McKee

Psalms 120 - 127

YES OR NO:

1. _____ Did God answer the psalmist when he cried in distress?
2. _____ Does the psalmist speak of lying lips and a deceitful tongue?
3. _____ Had the psalmist's soul ever dwelt with one who hated peace?
4. _____ Was Jerusalem built "*as a city that is compact together*"?
5. _____ Is reference made to one that sitteth in the heavens?
6. _____ Are the words, "*Have mercy upon us,*" used three times in Psalms 123?
7. _____ Did God give Israel "*as a prey to their teeth*"?
8. _____ Is God asked to turn again our captivity "*as the streams in the south*"?
9. _____ Are children referred to as a heritage of God?
10. _____ Are children compared to arrows in the hand of the mighty?

PROVIDE THE CORRECT WORD:

11. _____ "*With coals of*"
12. _____ "*That I sojourn in*"
13. _____ "*The Lord is thy shade upon thy right*"
14. _____ "*Our feet shall stand within thy*"
15. _____ "*And prosperity within thy*"
16. _____ "*Unto thee I lift up mine*"
17. _____ "*For we are exceedingly filled with*"
18. _____ "*But peace shall be upon*"
19. _____ "*We were like them that*"
20. _____ "*And the fruit of the womb is his*"

QUESTIONS:

21. From what did the psalmist ask God to deliver his soul?
22. From whom did the psalmist say his help came?
23. The psalmist was "*glad when they said*" what unto him?
24. For whose sakes did the psalmist say, "*Peace be within thee*"?
25. Our eyes wait upon, or look unto, the Lord as what?
26. With what did the psalmist say "*our soul is exceedingly filled*"?
27. David said, "*Our soul is escaped as a*" what?
28. The Lord is round about his people like what?
29. According to the psalmist, who shall doubtless come with joy bringing his sheaves?
30. Except the Lord build the house, or keep the city, what?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

31. "*I am for _____; but when I speak they are for _____.*"
32. "*He will not suffer thy _____ to be moved: he that keepeth thee will not _____.*"
33. In Jerusalem it is said, "*For there are set thrones of _____, the thrones of the house of _____.*"
34. David urged, "*Pray for the peace of _____: they shall _____ that love thee.*"
35. Israel could say, "*Had God not been on our side the waters had _____ us, the had gone over our soul.*"
36. "*They that trust in the Lord are compared to Mount _____ which cannot be _____, but abideth _____.*"
37. The psalmist asked the Lord to do good... unto those that _____ and to them that are in their hearts.
38. When captives were returned it is said, "*Then was our mouth filled with _____ and our tongue with _____.*"
39. "*They that sow in _____ shall _____ in joy.*"
40. Speaking of _____, the psalmist said, "*Happy is the man that hath his _____ full of them.*"

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #30

by Aude McKee

Psalms 128 - 134

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. The wife of one who fears God shall be as a _____, and his children like _____.
2. "The _____ upon my back: they made long their _____."
3. Of those who hate Zion the psalmist said, "Let them be as the _____ upon the housetops, which _____ before it groweth up."
4. Of God the psalmist said, "And he will _____ Israel from all his _____."
5. "We will go into his _____: we will worship at his _____."
6. "Let thy priests be clothed with _____; and let thy _____ shout for joy."
7. "There will I make the _____ of David to bud: I have ordained a _____ for mine anointed."
8. "Behold how _____ and how _____ it is for brethren to dwell together in _____."
9. _____ among brethren is compared to the dew of _____ and that which descendeth upon the _____ of Zion.
10. "Lift up you hands _____ the _____, and bless the Lord."

PROVIDE THE CORRECT WORD:

11. _____ That which those blessed of God would see in Jerusalem.
12. _____ Times Israel could say "*they have afflicted me...*"
13. _____ Place where grass is referred to as withering.
14. _____ That out of which the psalmist said he cried unto God.
15. _____ That of David which he said was not haughty.
16. _____ Kind of child to which David compared his soul.
17. _____ Place at which it is said, "*We heard of it.*"
18. _____ Place which the Lord hath chosen.
19. _____ That with which it is said, "*I will satisfy her poor.*"
20. _____ Man whose beard is mentioned.

YES OR NO:

21. _____ Would one blessed of God eat the labor of his hands?
22. _____ Did the psalmist say his enemies had prevailed against him?
23. _____ Are we told that those who hate Zion would grow and prosper?
24. _____ Is plenteous redemption said to be with the Lord?
25. _____ Did David say "*Mine eyes are lofty*"?
26. _____ Is reference made to the ark of God's strength?
27. _____ Had God desired Zion for his habitation?
28. _____ Is it said, "*His enemies will I clothe with honor*"?
29. _____ Does the word "*Zion*" occur in both Psalms 133 and 134?
30. _____ Is reference made to the Lord's having made heaven and earth?

QUESTIONS:

31. "*Blessed is everyone that*" does what?
32. Those blessed by the Lord out of Zion shall see what?
33. What does the psalmist say the Lord "*hath cut asunder*"?
34. The psalmist said his soul waited for the Lord more than, what?
35. David said, "*Neither do I exercise myself in*" what?
36. David vowed not to give sleep to his eyes, or slumber to his eyelids until what?
37. What had God sworn in truth unto David concerning his throne?
38. What is compared to precious ointment upon the head?
39. According to the psalmist the Lord commanded what blessing?
40. To whom are the words. "*Behold, bless ye the Lord,*" addressed?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #3 I

by Aude McKee

Psalms 135 - 139

QUESTIONS:

1. Those servants who stand where were told to praise God?
2. God causes vapors to do what? And bring the wind out of what?
3. Whom did God overthrow in the Red Sea?
4. God did what with the land of the nations and kings he smote?
5. Who said, "*Rase it, rase it, even to the foundation thereof*"?
6. The psalmist pronounced one happy who did what to little ones of Babylon?
7. What did David say about God having magnified his word?
8. David said, "*All the kings of earth shall*" do what?
9. David said, "*For there is not a word in my tongue, but*" what?
10. What is referred to as being written in God's book?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. "*For the Lord hath chosen Jacob unto _____, and Israel for his _____.*"
12. Thanks should be given to God who by _____ made the heavens, and the earth above the waters.
13. God divided the _____, and made _____ to pass through the midst of it.
14. "*By the rivers of _____, there we sat down, yea we _____ when we remembered Zion.*"
15. "*O daughter of _____, ...happy shall he be that rewardeth thee as thou hast _____.*"
16. "*Though I walk in the midst of _____, thou wilt _____ me.*"
17. "*The Lord will _____ that which concerneth me.*"
18. David said, "*Such _____ is too wonderful for me; it is _____, I cannot attain unto it.*"
19. David said, "*If I ascend up into _____ thou art there: if I make my bed in _____, behold thou art there.*"
20. David asked the Lord, "*See if there be any _____ way in me, and lead me in the way _____.*"

MATCH:

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| 21. _____ King of the Amorites | A. Egypt |
| 22. _____ The work of men's hands | B. Food |
| 23. _____ To rule by day | C. Ways |
| 24. _____ Smitten in their first-born | D. Willows |
| 25. _____ God giveth to all flesh | E. Thoughts |
| 26. _____ Trees upon which harps were hung | F. Idols |
| 27. _____ God though high hath respect unto | G. Sihon |
| 28. _____ Thou...art acquainted with all my | H. Sun |
| 29. _____ Surely thou will slay | I. The lowly |
| 30. _____ Try me and know my | J. The wicked |

TRUE / FALSE:

31. _____ The psalmist said that our Lord is above all gods.
32. _____ God smote the first-born of man and beast in Egypt.
33. _____ Og was the king of Moab.
34. _____ The words, "*repent himself*" refer to the Lord.
35. _____ Idols speak great words with their mouths, said the psalmist.
36. _____ The psalmist said that God remembered us in our low estate.
37. _____ Captives rejoiced to sing songs of Zion by the rivers of Babylon.
38. _____ David refused to praise the Lord before the gods.
39. _____ David said, "*Forsake the works of thine hands.*"
40. _____ David could hide from God by dwelling in the uttermost parts of the sea?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #32

by Aude McKee

Psalms 140 - 144

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. David said evil and violent men had _____, their tongues like a _____; _____; poison is under their lips.
2. "_____ shall hunt the violent man to _____ him."
3. David asked that a _____ be set before his mouth, and that the _____ of his lips be kept.
4. David pled, "Leave not my soul _____."
5. "_____ failed me," said David, "no man _____ for my soul."
6. "Cause me to know the _____ wherein I should walk."
7. "Thy _____ is good; lead me into the land of _____."
8. Man is like to _____; his days are as a _____ that passeth away.
9. David said to God, "touch the _____ and they shall smoke."
10. David expressed a desire that "our sheep bring forth thousands and _____ thousands in our _____."

TRUE / FALSE:

11. _____ David asked God to grant the desires of the wicked.
12. _____ "Let them be cast into the fire," is David's request.
13. _____ David asked permission to eat the dainties of the wicked.
14. _____ David said, "Let the wicked smite me."
15. _____ The statement, "For they are sweet," refers to David's words.
16. _____ David showed his trouble before God.
17. _____ David said his persecutors were stronger than he.
18. _____ "Bring my soul out of prison," are David's words.
19. _____ David asked God to destroy all them that afflicted his soul.
20. _____ The psalmist asked to be delivered "out of great waters."

FILL IN THE CORRECT WORD:

21. _____ From whom David said, "preserve me."
22. _____ That which God covered "in the day of battle."
23. _____ Those whose cause God will maintain.
24. _____ Those who "shall dwell in thy presence."
25. _____ That which David desired set before God as incense.
26. _____ That which David said he poured "out before Him."
27. _____ That which "was overwhelmed with" David.
28. _____ That which David said "thirsteth after thee."
29. _____ Those whom God is asked to cut off.
30. _____ That which David said God taught to war.

QUESTIONS:

31. David said the proud have done what?
32. Why did David ask God not to further the device of the wicked?
33. David asked that the head of those that compass me about be covered with what?
34. Into what did David say let the wicked fall?
35. David said that God is my portion where?
36. Upon what did David meditate and muse?
37. David urged, "Hide not thy face from me, lest I," what?
38. God delivered David and his servant from what?
39. What reference is made to "our sons" and "our daughters"?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #33

by Aude McKee

Psalms 145 - 150

QUESTIONS:

1. What did David say, "they shall abundantly utter"?
2. God opens his hand and satisfies what?
3. Unto whom is God said to be nigh?
4. In whom did the psalmist say "put not your trust"?
5. God is said to do what concerning the stars?
6. In what is it said God delighteth not, and taketh not pleasure?
7. God does what like wool? Like ashes? Like morsels?
8. What heavenly planets are admonished to praise God?
9. Who should be joyful in their king?
10. Name five instruments mentioned by the psalmist in urging that God be praised?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. "One generation shall _____ thy works to another, and shall _____ thy mighty acts."
12. "Thy kingdom" said David, "is an _____ kingdom, and thy dominion _____ throughout all _____."
13. "God preserveth all them that _____ him; but all the _____ will be destroyed."
14. It is said God "_____ the fatherless and widow; but the way of the wicked he turneth _____."
15. God "showeth his _____ unto Jacob, his _____ and his _____ unto Israel."
16. Said the psalmist, "fire and _____, snow and _____ wind fulfilling his word."
17. Both _____ men and _____, _____ men and children are among those told to praise God.
18. God, we are told, "will _____ the meek with salvation."
19. The psalmist said, "let the high _____ of _____ be in their mouth, and a _____ be in their hand."
20. "Let everything that hath _____ praise _____. Praise ye _____"

YES AND NO:

21. _____ Does David speak of God as king?
22. _____ Is God said to be slow to anger?
23. _____ Does the psalmist say that man keepeth truth forever?
24. _____ Are we told that God openeth the eyes of the blind?
25. _____ Is it said of God, "He gathereth together the outcasts of Israel"?
26. _____ Does God give to the beast his food.
27. _____ Are kings, princes and judges urged to praise God?
28. _____ Were saints encouraged to sing while upon their beds?
29. _____ Were fruitful trees mentioned among things to praise God?
30. _____ Is the word "praise" used more than once in every verse in the last psalm?

MATCH:

- | | | |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| 31. _____ | God's greatness is..... | A. Infinite |
| 32. _____ | God looseth the | B. Swiftly |
| 33. _____ | Praise is | C. Excellent |
| 34. _____ | God's understanding is | D. Comely |
| 35. _____ | God's word runneth very | E. Prisoners |
| 36. _____ | God's name alone is | F. Unsearchable |
| 37. _____ | Praise his name in the | G. Chains |
| 38. _____ | To bind their kings with..... | H. Sanctuary |
| 39. _____ | This honor have all his..... | I. Dance |
| 40. _____ | Praise God in his..... | J. Saints |

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #34

by Aude McKee

Introduction to Proverbs

QUESTIONS:

1. Who is the principle author of the book?
2. Name two others who are mentioned as authors?
3. Who were Solomon's parents? To whom had his mother previously been married?
4. What sinful shadow hung over this second marriage?
5. Define these words:
 - a) Solomon (what did his name mean?)
 - b) Proverbs
 - c) Wisdom
 - d) Instruction
 - e) Understanding
 - f) Discretion
6. What outstanding building did Solomon construct for the Lord?
7. What was the source of Solomon's wisdom? Explain how it happened to be given?
8. The introduction to the book is given in Proverbs 1:1-6. What is said to be the purpose of the book? How many chapters are in the book?
9. If the Old Testament is divided into sections such as history, prophecy, etc., into what classification would the book of Proverbs fall?
10. How many proverbs and how many songs did Solomon author?
11. Tell the story of how Solomon decided to which harlot the living child belonged? (See 1 Kings 3:16-28).
12. Did Solomon always live by the wisdom that he wrote? Give an illustration.
13. What seemed to be the greatest influence in his life for evil?
14. Make a list of 16 things (and give the references) which are said to be better in the book of Proverbs. For example, wisdom is better than silver and gold (Prov. 3:13-16).
15. There are at least four proverbs quoted in the New Testament. They are found in the books of Romans, Hebrews, James and 2 Peter. How many of these can you locate?
16. Would you say that nearly every person is addressed in the book of Proverbs regardless of sex, age, etc.? Give some illustrations:
17. What kind of wisdom does Paul say is "*foolishness with God*"? Give reference.

SUGGESTED READING

Book of Proverbs; 2 Samuel 12; 1 Kings 3; 4:29-34; 11:1-43; 2 Chronicles 2; James 1:5-8

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #35

by Aude McKee

Proverbs 1 - 5

QUESTIONS:

1. What did Solomon say is the beginning of knowledge?
2. What would be an ornament of grace and a chain about the neck of a young man?
3. Describe the scene set for us in Proverbs 1:10-19:
4. What passage in 1 Corinthians 15 does the above passage remind you of?
5. What is personified in Proverbs 1:20-23? From whom comes knowledge, wisdom and understanding?
6. Who *"forsakes the guide of her youth and forgets the covenant of her God"*? Where do this woman's paths lead?
7. What would a person bind on his neck and write on the tables of his heart?
8. You will be expected to repeat from memory verses 5 and 6 of chapter 3.
9. With what two things does the writer say we should honor the Lord?
10. Whom does the Lord correct?
11. What passage in the book of James does 3:27-28 remind you of?
12. By what did the Lord found the earth? Establish the heavens? Cause the depths to be broken up and the clouds to drop their dew?
13. Who shall inherit glory?
14. What three persons are probably referred to in 4:1-4?
15. What would increase the years of a person's life?
16. What two things are necessary in order for some people to sleep?
17. Memorize verse 23 of chapter 4.
18. In your own words, what is the writer saying in verses 25-27 of chapter 4?
19. What does the writer say, *"Drop as a honeycomb"*?
20. What does the writer warn against that would cause a person to *"mourn at the last, when thy flesh and thy body are consumed"*?
21. With what woman should a man rejoice?
22. What does the Lord say are before the eyes of the Lord and what does He ponder?
23. What, in your opinion, does the writer teach in the first five chapters that is the most needed instruction in our present age?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #36

by Aude McKee

Proverbs 6 - 9

QUESTIONS:

1. What is the meaning of verses 1-5 of chapter 6?
2. To what is the sluggard advised to go?
3. Find out all the characteristics of ants that you can. Which ones especially would be good examples to the sluggard?
4. What does a wicked man sow? What is he said to do with his fingers?
5. List the seven things that are an abomination to the Lord?
6. What are young people commanded to keep and not forsake?
7. By what is a man brought to a piece of bread?
8. What is a thief to do if he steals to satisfy his hunger and is caught?
9. Be prepared to comment on verses 27 and 28 of chapter 6?
10. What does a man lack who commits adultery? What may be kindled by such an act?
11. What is to be written on the table of the heart? What does God say He will do in Hebrews 8:10 and 10:16?
12. What relative should a person make of wisdom?
13. Who had gone on a trip that made possible the events of 7:6-27?
14. The conduct of the young is as a fool who is taken to the correction of the stocks. What two other things is he likened to?
15. How many Bible examples can you give of the statement: *"Many strong men have been slain by her"*?
16. What does wisdom and understanding cry out?
17. What four things does the Lord say He hates in chapter 8?
18. What is it that is said to exist before the mountains were settled, before the earth was, etc.?
19. How many pillars has wisdom hewn out? Can you name them?
20. What will happen if you rebuke a scorner? A wise man?
21. A foolish woman is described as what? What does she say to a passerby?
22. Those in her house are described as in what condition?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #37

by Aude McKee

Proverbs 10 - 14

QUESTIONS:

1. What effect does a foolish son have on his mother?
2. Memorize Proverbs 10:7.
3. List the way in which love and hatred are contrasted in the same verse:
4. How is the man who utters slander described?
5. Do you think 10:23 describes the vandalism of today?
6. Explain 10:30:
7. What happens to the expectation and hope of the wicked and unjust man?
8. How does a hypocrite destroy his neighbor?
9. What is said about a talebearer in chapter 11? A hog?
10. What is said of the man who trusts in riches? What about the person who wins souls?
11. What kind of woman is a crown to her husband?
12. What attitude does a righteous man have toward animals?
13. What, in chapter 12, is said to be an abomination to the Lord?
14. What does a righteous man hate?
15. Something is said about people who hunt--what do they do?
16. What verse talks about people who act like they are rich but are poor and those who feign poverty but are rich?
17. What verse speaks of respect for God's word in chapter 13?
18. The way of a transgressor is described as what?
19. What is 13:20 saying?
20. What attitude does a parent have toward a child he refuses to discipline?
21. Be prepared to make some comments on 14:1.
22. What is the attitude of a fool toward sin?
23. What passage would contradict the idea--if you think you're right you are?
24. What happens to a man who is soon angry? What about being slow to wrath?
25. What is it that will exalt a nation?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #38

by Aude McKee

Proverbs 15 - 19

QUESTIONS:

1. Is the statement found in 15:1 always true? If "no", explain:
2. What verse teaches that God is omnipresent?
3. Children who despise their parent's instruction are described as what?
4. Translate 15:8 into a present-day situation?
5. Is it really true that it's better to have nothing but beans and cornbread with love, than to have filet mignon and hatred?
6. Is a multitude of counsellors a blessing or a curse?
7. How is the word of the pure described?
8. What is the meaning of 16:4?
9. What is it that causes a person to depart from evil?
10. What goes before destruction and a fall?
11. Where have you read 16:25 before?
12. What incident in the book of Acts would 16:33 have some connection with?
13. All of us need to read 16:28 again.
14. Who tries the hearts of men?
15. A person who rules his spirit is better than what?
16. With what verse of chapter 16 does 17:9 have a close connection?
17. Did you smile a little when you read 17:12?
18. What will a friend do? What must a person do to have friends?
19. What verse in chapter 17 is like 13:1?
20. What do the words of a talebearer do? What is said to be in the power of the tongue?
21. What should a person do before he answers?
22. What does a man find who finds a wife? The contentions of a wife are what?
23. What verse in chapter 19 teaches parents to discipline their children?
24. How might 19:27 be applied to some modern-day classroom teaching?
25. A brother offended is harder to be won than what?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #39

by Aude McKee

Proverbs 20 - 23

QUESTIONS:

1. How are wine and strong drink described?
2. What will the lazy man do to avoid work? He can also do too much of what?
3. What do 20:9 and Ecclesiastes 7:20 have in common?
4. Explain 20:14:
5. In your own words explain what 20:18 is saying?
6. Exodus 20:17 and Jeremiah 10:23 are related to two verses in chapter 20. Which?
7. Which verse would suggest to put the “*color-back*” bottle away?
8. How does Solomon describe life with a “*brawling*” and “*contentious*” woman?
9. Ours is a pleasure-loving generation. Which verse deals with this?
10. Which verse in chapter 21 would James say would be most difficult to obey?
11. Be prepared to recite 22:1 from memory.
12. In lesson 5 we asked if 15:1 is always true. We repeat the question on 22:6.
13. How is it that the borrower could be servant to the lender?
14. What is bound in the heart of a child? How can it be corrected?
15. Who sees lions in the street?
16. The second division of Proverbs begins with 10:1. Where, would you say, does the third division begin?
17. Which verse in chapter 22 and 23 would make a good text for a sermon in these days when truths of God are being set aside by a lot of Christians?
18. What should a man with an appetite do under certain circumstances?
19. Riches have a way of creating what for themselves?
20. What is it about a person that really governs what he is?
21. Did Solomon subscribe to the idea that a little talk with children would remedy all their problems?
22. What’s going to happen to the drunkard and the glutton?
23. An old mother should have what in addition to “*social security*”?
24. Describe the condition of a man who “*tarries long at the wine*”.
25. What should a person do when he finds truth?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #40

by Aude McKee

Proverbs 24 - 28

QUESTIONS:

1. By what three things is a house builded, established, and filled?
2. To what is knowledge compared?
3. What question that Peter asked Jesus does 24:16 remind you of?
4. What should a person not do when his enemy falls?
5. What New Testament passage comes to mind when you read 24:29?
6. What happens to the field of a lazy man?
7. Memorize 25:11.
8. Where, do you think, does the fourth division of Proverbs begin?
9. How does Solomon describe the woes of a man who puts confidence in an unfaithful man?
10. If you and your neighbor have a difference, what should you do?
11. What New Testament writer quoted a passage from Proverbs 25?
12. A whip is to be used on a horse, a bridle for an ass, and what for a fool?
13. Explain the "*contradiction*" found in 26:4-5:
14. What New Testament writer talked about a dog returning to his vomit?
15. What about the legs of the lame?
16. What U. S. President ran into trouble on Proverbs 26:17?
17. What is necessary to keep a fire burning?
18. Explain 27:6:
19. What would suggest that Solomon may have had experience with contentious women?
20. What passage in James corresponds with one in Proverbs 27?
21. There is one place that never gets full. What is it?
22. Repeatedly Solomon has warned against getting earthly possessions in what manner?
23. What is characteristic of people who break the law?
24. What should we do and not do in regard to our sins?
25. Go back over the past 28 chapters and pick out all the verses that relate to pride.

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #41

by Aude McKee

Proverbs 29 - 31

QUESTIONS:

1. Discipline of children is again introduced in this lesson. Where?
2. Which, would you say, is the most often quoted verse in chapter 29?
3. How is God's word described in chapter 30?
4. What is the point of 30:4?
5. Do you feel that 30:7-9 suggests a truth that would benefit your own life?
6. Romans 14:4 would parallel what verse in chapter 30?
7. Do the verses of 30:11-14 fairly well describe conditions in our own generation?
8. What should happen to the eye of a boy or girl who will not obey parents?
9. What four things were too wonderful for the writer?
10. What four things are never satisfied?
11. There are four things the earth cannot bear. What are they?
12. Name the four exceedingly wise, but small, things:
13. How are the king, lion, greyhound and the male goat described?
14. The forcing of wrath, the wringing of the nose and the churning of milk all produce different results. What are they?
15. What position did the writer of chapter 31 occupy?
16. What is chapter 31 noted for?
17. Make a list of all the good qualities of a virtuous woman under main headings such as: Relationship to husband, etc.
18. What is said to be deceitful and vain?
19. What are the spiritual items of clothing of this good woman?
20. How much is a virtuous woman worth?
21. Make a list of New Testament passages that you think especially apply to the conduct and work of a virtuous woman:
22. Do you believe that a good wife contributes greatly to her husband's success?
23. Do you know men whom you believe failed in life because of the woman they married?
24. Please write in your own words the value that studying Proverbs has had on your life.

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #42

by Aude McKee

Test on Proverbs

UNDERLINE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

1. The primary author of the book was (Lemuel, Solomon, Agur).
2. Solomon's name means (peace, prosperity, wise).
3. Solomon's mother's name was (Michel, Sarah, Bathsheba).
4. This lady, before her marriage to David, was the wife of (Nathan, Saul, Uriah).
5. Solomon is known as the (richest, wisest, most powerful) man who ever lived.
6. There are (26, 55, 31) chapters in the book of Proverbs.
7. According to 1 Kings 4:32, Solomon wrote (3000, 666, 1500) proverbs.
8. (False gods, Strange women, Money) seemed to be Solomon's greatest problem.
9. You read about the "*worthy woman*" in Proverbs (13, 23, 31).
10. (Yes, No, Maybe) the book of Proverbs is quoted in the New Testament.

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. _____ in the Lord with all thine heart (3:5).
12. A good name is rather to be chosen than _____ (22:1).
13. A word fitly spoken is like _____ of gold in pictures of _____ (25:11).
14. Train up a _____ in the way he should go: and when he is old, he will not _____ from it (22:6).
15. Go to the _____, thou sluggard; consider her ways and be wise (6:6).
16. The way of the _____ is hard (13:15).
17. He that spareth his _____ hateth his son: but he that loveth him chasteneth him betimes (13:24).
18. There is a _____ that seemeth _____ to a man, but the end thereof are the ways of death (14:12).
19. A soft _____ turneth away _____: but grievous words stir up anger (15:1).
20. _____ goeth before destruction, and an haughty spirit before a _____ (16:18).
21. _____ is a mocker. _____ is raging: and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise (20:1).
22. Boast not thyself of _____; for thou knowest not what a day may bring forth (27:1).

QUESTIONS:

(Answer with one word if possible)

23. There are four things that are never satisfied (full). Name one:
24. Four things are small but exceedingly wise. Name one:
25. Solomon repeatedly warned young men against what?
26. Out of what, did Solomon say, are the issues of life?
27. Solomon said the Lord hates six things--that seven are an abomination. Name one:
28. Proverbs teaches to answer a certain kind of person according to his folly, and in the preceding verse say not to do it. What kind of person?
29. In what context did Solomon ask, "*Can a man take fire in his bosom, and his clothes not be burned*"?
30. What was it that was said to have seven pillars?
31. Solomon said that a man who found a wife had found what?
32. To have friends a person must do what?
33. Two or three times Solomon said it was better to dwell on the housetop (or in the wilderness) than with what?
34. Solomon warned against removing the ancient what?
35. What one word would remind you of the amusing thing Solomon said about how lazy people try to get out of work?
36. What was Solomon talking about when he said, "*Where no wood is the fire goeth out*"?
37. The wicked flee when no man does what?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #43

by Aude McKee

Ecclesiastes 1 - 4

QUESTIONS:

1. Who is the "Preacher" of Ecclesiastes?
2. What is the reply to the statement, "See this is new"?
3. How does the writer compare his wisdom with that of others?
4. Why did Solomon make pools of water?
5. What reason is given for saying, "I hated life"?
6. To whom does God give wisdom, knowledge and joy?
7. In what respect does man have no preeminence over the beast?
8. A handful with quietness is better than what?
9. Mention three conditions where two are better than one?
10. A poor and wise child is better than what kind of king?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. Vanity of _____, saith the Preacher, Vanity of _____; all is _____.
12. That which is _____ cannot be made straight: and that which is _____ cannot be numbered.
13. The Preacher said, "And whatsoever mine _____ desired I kept not from them, I withheld not my _____ from any joy."
14. Solomon saw that _____ excelleth folly, as far as _____ excelleth darkness.
15. There is a time to love, and a time to _____; a time for _____ and a time for peace.
16. Whatsoever God doeth, it shall be _____; nothing can be _____ it or anything _____ it.
17. I said in my _____, God will judge the _____ and the _____.
18. All go unto one place; all are of the _____, and all turn to _____ again.
19. The _____ foldeth his hands together and eateth his _____.
20. Two are better than one; because they have a good _____.

MATCH:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 21. _____ Abideth forever | A. The oppressed |
| 22. _____ Ariseth and goeth down | B. The spirit of beast |
| 23. _____ Run into the sea | C. Man |
| 24. _____ Cannot utter it | D. The fool |
| 25. _____ It is mad | E. The spirit of man |
| 26. _____ Walketh in darkness | F. The river |
| 27. _____ Is given travail | G. Laughter |
| 28. _____ Goeth upward | H. The sinner |
| 29. _____ Goeth downward | I. The sun |
| 30. _____ Had no comforter | J. The earth |

TRUE / FALSE:

31. _____ The sea is filled by rivers, we are told.
32. _____ The eye, said Solomon, is satisfied with seeing.
33. _____ Many things are completely new under the sun.
34. _____ Solomon gave his heart to know wisdom, madness and folly.
35. _____ "So I was great..." are the writer's words.
36. _____ "And there was no profit under the sun," said the Preacher.
37. _____ The Preacher rejoiced to leave his labor to others after him.
38. _____ According to Ecclesiastes, there is a time to heal but never a time to kill.
39. _____ The writer of Ecclesiastes says there is a time to dance.
40. _____ "A threefold cord is quickly broken," we are told.

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #44

by Aude McKee

Ecclesiastes 5 - 8

YES AND NO:

1. _____ Is the profit of the earth for all.
2. _____ Does the writer use the term, "*An untimely birth*"?
3. _____ Is it better to go to the house of mourning than to the house of feasting?
4. _____ Is the heart of the wise in the house of mourning?
5. _____ Is "*Be not righteous over much*" in Ecclesiastes?
6. _____ Are there men upon earth who do good and never sin?
7. _____ Does wisdom affect a man's face?
8. _____ Does the king's word have power?
9. _____ Are we told that the misery of man is great upon him?
10. _____ Are the days of the wicked said to be as a shadow?

UNDERLINE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

11. Keep thy (foot, tongue, head) when thou goest to the house of God.
12. Be not rash with thy (hand, mouth, thought).
13. He hath no pleasure in (beasts, strangers, fools).
14. The (king, priest, judge) himself is served by the field.
15. Man spends his vain life as a (shadow, dream, song).
16. (Sorrow, Money, Talent) is better than laughter.
17. The Preacher found that God made man (depraved, upright, ignorant).
18. A (rich, wicked, wise) man's heart discerns both time and judgment.
19. It is said, "*So I saw the wicked (exalted, denounced, buried).*"
20. "*Then,*" said the writer, "*I commended (drink, wisdom, mirth).*"

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

21. Let not _____ be hasty to utter anything before _____.
22. Suffer not thy _____ to cause thy flesh to sin; neither say thou before the _____ that it was an error.
23. And what _____ hath he that _____ for the wind?
24. All the _____ of man is for his mouth, and yet the _____ is not filled.
25. Seeing there are many things that _____, what is man the better?
26. A good name is better than _____; and the day of death than the day of one's _____.
27. Be not hasty in thy spirit to be _____; for _____ resteth in the bosom of fools.
28. Consider the _____ of God: for who can make that _____, which he hath made _____.
29. A man's wisdom maketh his _____ to shine, and the _____ of his face shall be changed.
30. Though a sinner do evil a _____ times, and his day be _____, yet it shall be well with them that _____ God.

QUESTIONS:

31. It is better not to vow than what?
32. Concerning what in a province is it said, "*Marvel not at the matter*"?
33. Who will not be satisfied with silver and increase?
34. What is said of the sleep of the laboring man? The rich?
35. What is better than the wandering of the desire?
36. Hearing the rebuke of the wise is better than what?
37. The laughter of a fool is compared to what?
38. What did the Preacher find more bitter than death?
39. Why is the heart of the sons of men fully set in them to do evil?
40. A man hath no better thing under the sun than to what?

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #45

by Aude McKee

Ecclesiastes 9 - 12

QUESTIONS:

1. In what do the dead have no more a portion forever?
2. A poor wise man did what for a little city?
3. Dead flies cause what?
4. It is said, "*Woe to thee, O land, when...*" what?
5. What made it unwise for one, even in his bedchamber, to curse the rich?
6. What is said of a fallen tree?
7. The phrase, "*For they shall be many*" refers to what?
8. When does Solomon say remember thy creator?
9. What is said of making many books? Of much study?
10. What is the whole duty of man?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. We are told that _____, and _____, and their works are in the hand of _____.
12. The dead know not _____, they have no more a _____, for the _____ of them is forgotten.
13. I have seen _____ upon horses, and _____ walking like servants upon earth.
14. The words of a wise man's mouth are _____; but the lips of a fool will _____ up _____.
15. In the _____ sow thy seed, and in the _____ withhold not thy hand.
16. Truly the _____ is sweet, and a _____ thing is for the eyes to behold the _____.
17. The day is mentioned when the keepers of the house _____, strong men _____ themselves, _____ cease because they are few, and those that look out of the _____ be darkened.
18. Because man goeth to his _____ home, and the _____ go about in the streets.
19. The _____ returns to the earth as it was, and the _____ returns to God who gave it.
20. For God shall bring every work into _____, with every _____ thing, whether it be _____ or wether it be _____.

TRUE / FALSE:

21. _____ Man knows all that is before him.
22. _____ There is one event to the righteous and the wicked, it is said.
23. _____ "*Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might,*" is scripture.
24. _____ The race is always to the swift and the battle to the strong.
25. _____ "*One sinner destroyeth much good,*" we are told.
26. _____ A fool's heart is said to be at his right hand.
27. _____ The biting of a serpent is referred to twice in chapter 10.
28. _____ Men understand how the bones of an unborn child develop.
29. _____ Reference is made to the "*golden bowl*" being broken.
30. _____ The Preacher sought out and set in order many proverbs.

UNDERLINE THE CORRECT ANSWER:

31. Let thy (hands, garments, houses) be always white.
32. (Wisdom, Strength, Skill) is better than weapons of war.
33. He that cleaveth wood is (warmed, blessed, endangered) thereby.
34. A feast is made for (business, pleasure, laughter, deception).
35. Cast thy (boat, bread, basket, bottle) upon the waters.
36. He that observeth the wind shall not (sleep, sow, play).
37. Rejoice, O young man, in thy (strength, wisdom, youth).
38. Therefore remove (sorrow, joy, desire) from thy heart.
39. The (cricket, locust, grasshopper) shall be a burden.
40. The words of the wise are as (swords, whips, goads).

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #46

by Aude McKee

Song of Solomon 1 - 4

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. "Let him _____ me with the _____ of his mouth; for thy love is better than _____."
2. "I am _____, but comely, O ye daughters of Jerusalem, as the tents of _____, as the _____ of Solomon."
3. Israel was to bury people _____ months.
4. Hamon-gog was a place to _____ people.
5. Isaiah 59:1-2 teaches about the same idea as Ezekiel 39, verse _____.
6. _____ of the Jews were left in captivity when it was over.
7. God said He had poured out His _____ upon Israel.
8. The measuring rod (reed) was _____ cubits long.
9. Chapter 40 speaks of _____ chambers.
10. _____ trees are mentioned in chapter 41.

TRUE / FALSE:

11. _____ Jerusalem forgot how good God had been to her.
12. _____ "As is the mother, so is her daughter" is found in this lesson.
13. _____ The son shall bear the iniquity of the father.
14. _____ God takes pleasure in the death of the wicked.
15. _____ The people left Egypt and went into the wilderness.
16. _____ Bomah was the name of the high place.
17. _____ Ezekiel prophesied against the forest of the south.
18. _____ The land of Canaan was located west of the Mediterranean Sea.
19. _____ The sabbath was the first day of the week.
20. _____ "Repent and turn" is a command found in this lesson.

WRITE IN THE CORRECT WORD:

21. _____ What Jerusalem had done with her sons and daughters.
22. _____ The fate of the soul that sins.
23. _____ What the way of the Lord is not.
24. _____ What Israel was to cast away.
25. _____ That which learned to catch prey.
26. _____ Those whom the Lord did not want to inquire of Him.
27. _____ Those that God said He would purge out.
28. _____ The name of the king that was brought to Babylon in chains.
29. _____ The meaning of the word "sceptre."
30. _____ What the Israelites wanted to get out of Egypt (ch. 17).

QUESTIONS:

31. Explain 16:2.
32. What is the Lord saying about Jerusalem in 16:4-14?
33. What were "high places" used for in Israel?
34. How are the words "fornication," "adultery," and "whoredoms" used in this lesson?
35. What country did Israel ask help from when threatened by Babylon?
36. What is a whelp?
37. Can a command be found that bound the sabbath before Sinai?
38. What is meant by, "You made your sons to pass through the fire"?
39. What kind of a promise is 20:42?
40. Define the word "parable."

Lessons on the Books of Poetry #47

by Aude McKee

Song of Solomon 5 - 8

QUESTIONS:

1. What did the lover tell his spouse that he had gathered? Eaten? Drunk?
2. Who asked, "What is thy beloved more than another beloved...?"
3. What description does a woman in love give of the eyes of her beloved?
4. What is said of the countenance of the beloved?
5. Give the answer to the question, "Whether is thy beloved gone?"
6. Why did the speaker go down into the garden of nuts?
7. What is said to be like Carmel?
8. What are said to be at our gates?
9. What cannot be quench or drown love?
10. With what would be done for our sister if she be a wall?

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

11. The voice of my beloved said, "Open to me, my _____, my _____, my _____, my _____."
12. "The watchman that _____ the city found me, they _____ me, they _____ me."
13. "My beloved is _____ and _____, the chiefest among _____."
14. "His _____ is most sweet; yea, he is altogether."
15. "Thou are _____, O my love, as Tirzah, _____ as Jerusalem, _____ as an army with _____."
16. "This thy stature is like a _____; and thy breasts to _____."
17. "Come my beloved, let us go forth into the _____; let us lodge in the _____."
18. "I _____ you, O daughters of _____, that ye stir not up, nor _____ my love, until he please."
19. "For love is strong as _____, jealousy is cruel as _____; the thereof are the _____ of fire."
20. Solomon's vineyard at _____ was let out to _____; every one for the _____ thereof was to bring a _____ of silver.

WRITE IN THE CORRECT WORD:

21. _____ The most fine gold.
22. _____ A bed of spices.
23. _____ Rings of gold set with beryl.
24. _____ Pillars of marble.
25. _____ A flock of sheep.
26. _____ Piece of pomegranate.
27. _____ A tower of ivory.
28. _____ Pools in Hesbon.
29. _____ The tower of Lebanon.
30. _____ Clusters of the vine.

TRUE / FALSE:

31. _____ A city watchman said, "I have washed my feet"?
32. _____ The words, "bushy, and black as a raven," describe a girl's hair?
33. _____ The phrase, "fairest among women," appears in chapters five and six.
34. _____ "For they have overcome me" refers to soldiers.
35. _____ A woman's hair is compared to a flock of goats.
36. _____ The term "my dove" is applied to a woman more than once.
37. _____ Feet with shoes are referred to as beautiful.
38. _____ The names, Hesbon, Lebanon and Damascus appear in one verse.
39. _____ Reference is made to the smell of mandrakes.
40. _____ Solomon is named twice in the last chapter of this book.